In today's Jordan Times...

iritish chemist suggests research council:

age 4

American Sadr adviser arrested: Page 5

England sued for a billion: Y Ethnic Altunians rock Yugoslav boat:

angladesh buries slain president: Page 8

lank of England sued for a billion: Page

e 6, Number 1673.

AMMAN, WEDNESDAY JUNE 3, 1981 — SHABAN 1, 1401



Today's Weather

It will be calm weather with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, the winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

	Overnight	Daytime
	Low	High
Amman	14	27
Aqaba	22	36
Deserts	16	35
Jordan Valley	20	36
Vantardasia bisk		A 7

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 29, Aqaba 38. Sunset tonight: 6:41 p.m. Sunrise

June 2, 1980: Nablus Mayor Bassam Al Shak'a's bombed-out auto

W. Bank protests

of attack on mayors

TEL AVIV, June 2 (A.P.) — Palestinian students in the occupied

West Bank demonstrated today to mark the first anniversary of

A spokesman for the military government said troops dispersed

several dozen stone-throwing youths with tear gas outside Birzeit

University in Ramallah. Earlier, the windshield of a car passing

through the town was smashed. The spokesman said other West

urity forces have not uncovered the attackers responsible for sim-

ultaneously booby-trapping the cars of the mayors of Nablus, Ram-

allah and Al Bireh. West Bank residents, and some Israeli reporters

and liberals, believe the culprits are army-trained Jewish settlers

living in the West Bank who acted in retaliation for an attack on

on him, complained that the Israelis were not looking seriously for

the attackers while Israel manages to catch a large number of Pal-

Of the other targeted mayors, Mr. Karim Khalaf of Ramallah lost

part of his left foot in a car-bombing, while Al Bireh's Ibrahim Tawil narrowly escaped injury from a bomb attached to his garage door. An

Carter wanted to divide

Jersalem in 1978,

Dayan says in new book

WASHINGTON, June 2 (A.P.) - A proposal by former president

Jimmy Carter for the redivision of occupied Jerusalem, with the

pedoed the Camp David agreement, according to an account by Mr.

which the United States described East Jerusalem as conquered

Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and intended to keep it.

According to Mr. Davan, Mr. Carter wanted to attach to the agreement, which led to the Israeli-Egyptian peace treaty, a letter in

Mr. Dayan said Mr. Carter insisted he had made a promise to

Do you want to dictate to me," he said with considerable anger,

The former foreign minister's account of the dispute, which broke

'what to say in the name of the United States?" Mr. Dayan wrote.

out on the last day of the Camp David, Maryland summit in Sep-

tember 1978, appears in the June issue of the Atlantic magazine. It is

an excerpt from his book, "Breakthrough," to be published in the

The effect of Mr. Carter's proposed letter, Mr. Dayan said, would have been the return of Arab East Jerusalem to Jordan.

Carter wrote Mr. Sadat that the U.S. position on Jerusalem had not

changed. This deferred the city's final status to subsequent neg-

Israel objected, and a compromise was worked out in which Mr.

Moshe Dayan, then Israel's foreign minister.

Israeli sapper was blinded while dismantling the device.

Nablus Mayor Bassam Al Shak'a, who lost both legs in the attack

Many Palestinians in the occupied territories are bitter that sec-

mark anniversary

bomb attacks against three West Bank mayors.

Bank towns were relatively quiet.

Jewish settlers in Hebron.

estinian commando suspects.

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

1ed-Dead Canal danger -- Qasem

.; HDAD, June 2 (Petra) — Foreign Minister Marwan Al m has warned a conference of Islamic foreign ministers here e dangers of "the biggest Zionist project in the Arab area" -- an if canal linking the Mediterranean with the Dead Sea. te Jordanian minister warned that this project would "achieve ary, strategic, economic, manpower and moral benefits for lionist enemy" and would introduce dangerous demographic

geographic changes in Arab areas. re Israeli scheme would exploit the difference in elevation een the Mediterranean and the Dead Sea, the lowest spot on i, by channelling seawater across the occupied Gaza Strip and Vaqab Desert to fall into the Dead Sea, thereby powering

rdan has objected that this plan could endanger its own min-

extraction projects along the Dead Sea.

hile Israel is "preparing for the implementation of the biggest ist project in the Arab area," Mr. Qasem said, the Zionist has also recently escalated its violations of Islamic holy places r occupation and unleashed wide-scale campaigns of arrest ast Muslim clergymen in the occupied areas in order to check

rowing Islamic spirit there.
r. Queen said the "suffering of the city of Jerusalem under ist occupation continues" and that its Arab residents are being ssed while the Israeli authorities continue their Judaisation ; for the city.

r. Qasem said that sensing the extent of the danger to Jerm, Jordan submitted a proposal, supported by the recent on of the Jerusalem Committee, to be approved by the foreign ders' conference to increase the Jerusalem Fund to \$100 m a year in order to preserve the Arab nature of Jerusalem its holy places and to offer the necessary assistance to Jerm's Arab residents.

Situation 'dangerous and explosive'

King hits Israel on missile crisis

AMMAN, June 2(A.P.) — His Majesty King Hussein today blasted Israel for its role in the crisis in Lebanon, accusing Israel of contributing to the "dangerous and explosive situation" in the Middle East and of trying to drive the Palestinians out of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

"They (the Israelis) feel they to do so," the King said. have the right to threaten any (people) and indeed to use force to deal with any (people) outside their immediate area," he told reporters from the Associated Press, the New York Times, the Washington Post and London's Financial Times. "Israel feels, I believe that no one has the right to defend himself against these attacks or to enhance their capability

He was referring to Israel's attacks on Palestinian-populated areas of Lebanon, and its April 28 attack on two helicopters of Syrian peacekeeping troops that prompted the Syrians to install antiaircraft missiles in Lebanon the

Asked about the chance of war, King Hussein said: "as to the dan-



I can't enter Prime Minister (Menachem) Begin's head."

Asked if Jordan would come to the aid of Syria if it was attacked ger of war and how imminent it is, by Israel, the King said: "Jordan longest confrontation line with Israel, and one must see what may or may not happen in the future. "I'm saying it's a very dangerous time and as far as the Israelis are concerned, it is intolerable. If there is an eruption then we'll have to do all we can to prevent this country from being overrun," King Hussein said.

"We have done what we could and will continue to do so to make sure that at least physically, Jordan is no passage for any aggression against any Arab state, nor is it a walkover for any," he added.

"We stand on the longest confrontation (with Israel) and we will do all we can to secure our territory in case of aggression. Obviously what is happening in the area places us all in danger,"

6 die, 9 hurt in Israeli coastal raid

BEIRUT, June 2 (Agencies) — Despite warnings from Arab leaders and U.S. pleas for restraint, Israel sent its warplanes today to bomb Palestinian strongholds in southern Lebanon.

Syria has tied resolution to the crisis over Syrian anti-aircraft missiles in Lebanon to an end of Israeli reconnaissance flights over Lebanon and attacks on Palestinian bases. But Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin said in an interview with the U.S. television network CBS that he told U.S. presidential envoy Philip Habib "an uncountable number of times that we are going to continue preventive operations against the Palestine Liberation Org-

The Israeli leader, who is facing elections June 30, spoke only an hour after Israeli jets swooped

anisation terrorists."

down on what Tel Aviv called aircraft fire but dropped thermal commando positions north of the Lebanese port city of Tyre.

Six people were killed and nine wounded when the Israeli jets destroyed a farmhouse near the coast, local residents said. Israel said the house, some 30

kilometres north of the Israeli border, was being used as a Palestinian commando base.

The planes were met by anti-

balloons to deflect heat-seeking rockets, eyewitnesses said.

Trees were uprooted and power lines brought down in the 45minute attack which left large craters around the demolished bui-

The area of Nabatiyeh and Beaufort Castle, which is under

(Continued on page 2)

CAEU to forge link with EEC

of Arab Economic Unity) has endorsed in principle promic agreements with ropean Economic Comand the Latin American nic Group, acting CAEU ry General Mohammad Alaid today.

harif was briefing the press dations of the 37th meethe CAEU, which ended ht in the Sheraton Palace

Sharif said CAEU Sec-General Dr. Fakhri Qadwww suffering from ill heabeen authorised to sign the ents with the EEC and the

. mericans. LAEU delegates discussed other major issues the estent of a unified Arab cusme which he said, is conanother step towards ach-Arch customs unity and mb economic unity.

EAEU has decided to refer **jec**t to the member Arab or consideration and com-Mr. Sharif said other subcussed dealt with basic of another batch of subpostponed for the Mext meeting, which will An Amman on Dec. 2.

2d transport company and printing press. port read out to the parabout economic trends hajor economic devwas and achievements in World showed that the Mation's Gross National

Process of an international

N, June 2 (Petra) - The Product (GNP) in 1980 increased by 36 per cent, whereas 1979's figures revealed a 35 per cent inc-

> The Domestic National Product last year achieved grew by 7.3 per cent in real terms, the report revealed. According to the report, the total Arab trade balance last year had a surplus of \$90 thousand milion, but the industrial and agricultural sectors' contribution to the Domestic National Product

Meanwhile, Dr. Qaddouri today issued a statement on the eve of the 17th anniversary of the CAEU's establishment, in which he said the council continues to plan and work towards achieving Arab economic integration.

He cited the CAEUs endeavours towards achieving such goals as pan-Arab agreements on roads, railways and land and sea transport as well as the establishment of the Arab Monetary

Al Ra'i marks its 10th birthday

AMMAN, June 2 (J.T.) — Al Ra'i today celebrated its tenth anniversary, but the festivity was confined to the daily newspaper's staff members, board of directors and about 100 "journalists, friends and readers."

The leading independent newspaper, published by the Jordan Press Foundation, was suspended by cabinet decision for ten days, starting last Sunday.

The highlight of the celebration was a luncheon given by the newspaper's staff members in honour of members of the board of directors at Al Hussein Club here. Those attending included Interior Minister Suleiman Arar, Agriculture Minister Marwan Dudin, Education Minister Sa'id Al Tal, Minister of Awgaf and Islamic and Holy Places Affairs Yamel Al Sharif and Amman Mayor Isam Ajlouni.

High government officials and journalists from other publications were also invited.

On this occasion, Mr. Juma'a Hammad, president of the board of directors, said the suspension would "give us an opportunity to reconsider our affairs so that when we reappear on June 11 we will

be more able to serve our readers."

PLO team in Brussels after envoy's murder

BRUSSELS, June 2 (Agencies) -A delegation from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) arrived here today from Beirut to study the political and security implications of yesterday's killing of its representative in Brussels,

Mr. Naim Khader. The mission from the PLO's political department will meet Belgian foreign ministry officials and Arab envoys here to discuss how to replace a man who played a major role in Arab relations with Western Europe, Arab sources

Mr. Khader was one of the young Palestinian university graduates picked by Mr. Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the PLO's political department, to pursue diplomatic contacts abroad and establish the PLO as a political as

well as a commando organisation. Mr. Khader had established personal contacts with West European leaders and EEC officials aiming at a wider recognition of the PLO as sole representative of the Palestinian people.

Nobody has claimed responsibility for his killing, though Palestinian officials blamed Israeli

Mr. Khader was shot dead in front of his home by a gunman described by Belgian officials as a professional killer because of the accuracy with which the largecalibre bullets used went through the head and heart. Six shots were

The assassin had a thick black moustache, Mediterranean features, appeared to be between 35 and 40 years old and carried a raincoat and umbrella, according to a postman who saw the attack.

In the pocket of the raincoat which the attacker discarded as he ran away police found a ticket showing he took a tram to travel to his murder assignment, police sources said.

The PLO delegation was led by Mr. Abdul Razzak Al Yahia, director general of the political department. It was expected to raise the question of protection of the PLO liaison office in Brussels.

Belgian authorities are taking extra measures to protect diplomats in Belgium, fearing that Mr. Khader's murder might set in motion a chain of revenge, government sources said.

The PLO's Bonn representative, Mr. Abdullah Al Frangi, said vesterday that Mr. Khader, a Jordanian citizen married to a Belgian, had asked the Belgian foreign ministry for protection after receiving information that assassination attempts were being prepared against PLO rep-

resentatives in European capitals. "In Paris, London, Rome, Madrid, Vienna and Bonn, security measures were taken but we are sorry to say that this had not been done in Brussels." Mr. Frangi

A Belgian interior ministry spokesman said earlier that protection by Belgian security services had been lifted some time ago at the request of Mr. Khader.

Interior Minister Philippe Busquin said in response to Mr. Frangi that a watch had been kept on Mr.

Khader's home -- "but it was not under special surveillance as no request had been made."

spot where Mr. Khader was mur-Belgian editorial writers today

Wreaths were laid vesterday the

lauded Mr. Khader as a man of dialogue who lobbied hard for a moderate course towards peace

"The presence in the capital of Europe of a moderate Palestinian

political aim which Israeli leaders consider as a deadly enemy." wrote the usually conservative Lubre Belgique. "But Naim Khader will be replaced and what was the use of killing him if not creating a hero as much frightening for Israel alive as dead?"

"The Palestinian movement, of which PLO is only the head, had no interest in the death of the one who did so much to convince (oth-

Sadat at summit

Mr. Begin and Mr. Sadat are to meet Thursday in Ofira, a new Israeli town in Sinai that will come under Egyptian rule next April. . The major topics on their agenda will be the Israel-Syria crisis over Lebanon and normalisation of relations between Israel and Egypt under their 1979 peace treaty.

A delegation of Offra settlers spoke today with Mr. Begin in occupied Jerusalem today, and Mr. Mattityahu Shmuelevitz, director general of Mr. Begin's office, said the prime minister had agreed to

ask if Mr. Sadat was willing to meet the settlers. "If he agrees they can tell him what they have in mind," Mr.

Shmuelevitz said. Mr. Yaacov Bar-Levy, a leader of the 250 settler families, said some of Offira's businessmen want to stay on and cooperate with Egyptian officials. Egypt has refused similar suggestions in the past. Israeli authorities, meanwhile, prepared for a flood of some 300

journalists registered to cover the first Sadat-Begin meeting in 17 months. Technicians rigged communications facilities to the remote town on the southern tip of the Sinai Peninsula which will be more remote than usual for the summit -- the last 80 kilometres of the highway to Ofira will be closed as a security precaution.

Mr. Sadat accepted Mr. Begin's summit invitation in a surprise decision last week, reversing his earlier insistence that a summit should be delayed until after the Israeli election.

His agreement to meet the Israeli leader was widely seen as a pragmatic reflex. Three months ago, Mr. Begin seemed fated for political eclipse. Now, he is given a good chance of staying in office. Mr. Sadat, who has staked heavily on a separate deal with Israel, is

nevertheless hedging his bets. He has also arranged to meet Mr. Begin's main challenger, Labour Party chief Shimon Peres, before the election.

A public opinion poll published by the Jerusalem Post today gave Mr. Begin's rightist Likud bloc 45 seats in the 120-member Knesset. against 42 seats for Labour. (Details on page 5). While Mr. Begin's comeback was rated a key factor in Mr. Sadat's

decision to reactivate the dialogue, diplomats on both sides are still puzzled by the summit's significance. The Lebanese missile crisis will be the main issue when the leaders

meet in the Sharm Al Sheikh area of the Sinai which is to be handed back to Egypt next April after 15 years of Israeli occupation. Mr. Sadat and Mr. Peres are expected to meet 10 days later, probably in Alexandria.

The Egyptian president has said he has "very urgent matters" to discuss, but diplomats have had difficulty pinpointing issues apart from Lebanon on which serious negotiations may be possible. Israeli newspapers suggested Mr. Begin will seek assurances of Mr. Sadat's neutrality if Israel decides to strike against Syrian missile bases in Lebanon.

Other Israeli commentators have said the Israeli leader will ask for "more involvement" by Egypt in helping to defuse the five-week

'ambassador' seeking constant ers) of its just cause," the paper dialogue certainly greatly helped a added.

Settlers ask to see

TEL AVIV, June 2 (Agencies) - During his summit with Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin, Egyptian President Anwar Sadat will be asked to meet with Israelis who want to remain in their Sinai settlements after Egypt takes over next year, Mr. Begin's spokesman



Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin and Egyptian President Anwar Sadat brief the press during their Aswan summit in January 1980. Thursday's summit will be the 10th in four years for the two

leaders. (Gamma photo)

seek a marriage of convenience RIS, June 2 (R) - French Socialist and make concessions to gain ministerial posts. nmunist Party leaders began talks on a But the observers said the Communist leaders would almost cersible political and electoral pact today ch could open the way to the appointment joint statement couched in general terms. Communist minister under Socialist Pas-

French Socialists, Communists

'nt François Mitterrand. ading the two delegations were Socialist Party First Secretary Lospin, who took over the post when Mr. Mitterrand became

exidential candidate last year, and Communist Party General tary Georges Marchais. a primary purpose of the talks is to prepare the ground for mentary elections to be held on June 14 and 21. The president s the elections will produce a left-wing majority invourable to

icial reform programme in the National Assembly. A Socialist officials have indicated they would insist that the munists abandon or at least modify their support for Soviet vention in Afghanistan and for Moscow's deployment of SS-20 les simed at Western-Europe.

Socialists, buoyed by opinion polls giving them some 33 per of the vote in the coming elections, have also left no doubt they tant a firm commitment from Mr. Marchais and his colleagues of

apport for all government policies. each political observers said the Communists, dismayed by Mr. thais' poor showing in the first round of the presidential voting that brought Mr. Mitterrand to power last month, seemed ready to

tainly resist any effort to force them to renounce their strongly pro-Soviet line on international problems and propose in response a

In an interview at the weekend, Communist ideologist Charles Fiterman, who was taking part in today's talks, said he did not believe Afghanistan and Poland were topics of such deep concern to French voters that they should prevent an accord with the Socialists. But Mr. Pierre Mauroy, prime minister of the present Socialist and

left radical government, said there could be no two policies on any issue within any administration formed after the parliamentary vot-As today's talks between the two major left-wing parties opened, the leader of a centre-right grouping which supported former pre-

sident Valery Giscard d'Estaing suggested it could swing to Mr.

Mitterrand if he renounced alliance with the Communists. Mr. Bernard Stasi, president of the Centre of Social Democrats (CDS), told a news conference he supported the changes promised

Mr. Jacques Chirac, mayor of Paris and now effectively leader of the opposition to France's Socialist administration, also promised last night that he would help Mr. Mitterrand create "real national union" if he renounced the Communists.

An opinion poll published today in the right-wing Le Figaro newspaper said the Socialists and allied parties would win 34 per cent of the votes in the parliamentary elections and the Communists 16.5 per cent for an overall left-wing majority.

NATONA

RSS to advise thinner firm

AMMAN, June ? (J.T.) - The Royal Scientific Society (RSS), and the local Arab Thinner Manufacturing Company today signed an agreement under which the RSS will conduct a study aimed at improving the company's production capacity and solving its technical problems.

The RSS will conduct a market-research survey in Jordan to estimate the demand for thinner, and will also carry out an analysis of the liquid's constituent composition.

Under the agreement, the thinner company will pay the RSS JD 2,700 annually in three instalments for this study. The agreement was signed for the RSS by its Director General, Dr. Albert Butros, and for the company, by its general manager, Mr. Rabah Al Akhras.



Telex: 22388 SPACE JO Phone: 68069

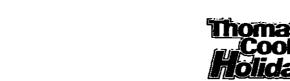
Authorised Representative of:-

Thomas

Wagons-lits

Tourisme

Cook



An opportunity not to be missed - enjoy your holiday in Thomas Cook luxurious coaches while admiring the beauty of the European Continent.

A) All tours start from Amman (First departure 4th June 81) by plane to London then coach across the English Channel to Europe and back to London for your return flight to Amman. All tours include a few nights in London.

- 1. 'BENELUX/PARIS' England via France, Belgium, Holland, W. Germany Luxembourg, France to England, 12 DAYS FROM JD 399/-'THE PANORAMA' England via France, Belgium, W. Germany, Swi-
- tzerland, France to England 13 DAYS FROM JD 429/-'THE SCANDINAVIAN' England via France, Belgium, Holland, Den-
- mark, Sweden, W. Germany to England 14 DAYS FROM JD 459/-"ITALIAN EXPRESS' England via France, Belgium, W. Germany, Aus-
- tria, Italy, Switzerland, France to England 15 DAYS FROM JD 443/-'LAKES & FORESTS' England via France, Belgium, Luxembourg, W.

Germany, Austria, Switzerland, France to England 17 DAYS FROM JD

AND IN international B) COOPERATION traders

P.O.Box 408, Amman, Jordan Telex: 21441 NASSAR JO Phone 61014/5

We are also pleased to offer you the following tours

- 1. 'THE AEGEAN' Greece Athens, Mykonos, Rhodes, Crete, Santorini 9 DAYS FROM JD 299/-
- 2. 'THE ALPENHORN' W. Germany, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Austria, 11 DAYS FROM JD 363/-W. Germany

In addition to the above we also offer - in cooperation with International Traders, the following two tours:

'CRETE'

'CYPRUS'

8 DAYS FROM JD 85/-8 DAYS FROM JD 68/-

It is also our pleasure to receive you in our offices and render to you any service you may require for your travels.

closest-meshed railway network, world's steepest cog railway, and world's longest highway tunnel

SWISSOI

Mufti assures assistance to handicapped

rehabilitated physically handicapped will be given "all possible assistance in obtaining adequate employment." Minister of Social Development Imam Al Mufti announced today.

She was speaking during a visit to Al Hussein Muscular Dystrophy Society here where she met with those in charge of training.

Later at a meeting with those who graduated recently after attending vocational, all-round physical and educational training courses, Mrs. Mufti asserted that the Ministry of Social Development was concerned with the graduates' future well-being. The ministry's rehabilitation department has been instructed to offer the graduates all possible assistance and

AMMAN, June 2 (J.T.) — The facilities in obtaining adequate employment, the minister said.



Mr. Marwan Dudin

Fischer also said Mr. Habib would

return to the Middle East this

week. Mr. Fischer said: "We have

consistently from the very beg-

inning urged on all parties that any

escalation of any kind is not hel-

said vesterday he would nominate

Mr. Robert Sherwood Dillon, a

career diplomat, as ambassador to

two in the U.S. embassy in Cairo,

would succeed Mr. John Gunther

Mr. Dillon, 52, now number

The nomination is subject to

Today security sources reported

right-wing Falangist militiamen

Arab Deterrent Force (ADF)

around the east Lebanese town of

U.S. President Ronald Reagan

pful to the peace process."

Lebanon.

The six physically-handicapped graduates had undertaken a two-



Mrs. Ina'm Mufti

Falangist radio said two people

were killed and at least five wou-

nded when shells hit part of the

town, blockaded by the ADF for

fighting eased in the early aft-

Beirut Radio said today's Zahle

The Lebanese capital was rel-

atively quiet today after the cou-

ntry's two main paramilitary gro-

upings made a commitment not to

shell residential areas. This fol-

lowed two days of bombardment

in Beirut in which at least 30 peo-

ple died and about 300 were wou-

fiq Al Wazzan announced that an

Arab committee on the crisis,

would meet in the summer resort

The committee, comprising the

foreign ministers of Kuwait, Leb-

anon, Saudi Arabia and Syria, will meet under the chairmanship of

Lebanese President Elias Sarkis,

Svrian Foreign Minister Abdul

Halim Khaddam returned to

Damascus tonight from Riyadh

where he delivered a message

from President Hafez Al Assad to

There was no word about the

Last week, President Assad rec-

eived a letter from King Khaled,

part of a series of contacts between Syria and Saudi Arabia over

Saudi Arabia's King Khaled.

contents of the message.

the Lebanese crisis.

of Beiteddine on Saturday.

Mr. Wazzan told reporters.

Lebanese Prime Minister Sha-

the past nine weeks.

emoon.

nded.

ing, wool weaving, the manufacture of flowers, operating tel-

ephone exchanges, music and puinting.
Mrs. Mufti yesterday visited the Princess Rahmah Community Centre at Allan, with Minister of Agriculture Marwan Dudin, where they met with the participants of a two-week seminar

on 'local leadership.' The Allan Centre is undertaking a pilot project for the development of local com-

year training in embroidery, sew- munities, which is help solve local proble peration with the g Mrs. Mufti said.

Mr. Dudin stressed ticipants the Allan ce ortance in helping elopment of agricultu and Allan districts H. his ministry's reading farmers overcome di this respect, particula ning agricultural roa supply of pesticides

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

ecticides.

The American Centre presents an exhibition of pair American artist James Vitale, entitled "Arab Lights". M is a professor of fine arts at Yarmouk University in Ir exhibition is open to the public from 8 a.m. - 5 p.m., at the auditorium, off Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

The Department of Culture and Arts, in cooperation Soviet Cultural Centre, presents an exhibition of photog Soviet artists. The exhibition is open to the public at 6 p.t centre near Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

The British Council presents sculpture from its permar lection at the Jordan National Gallery of Fine Arts. The c is open to the public from 10 a.m. - 1:30 p.m. and 3 - 6

remains open daily except Tuesday. Alia Art Gallery presents an exhibition of paintings I

Hamdan and Ayyad Al Nemer. The exhibition is ope public at the gallery in Shmeisani.

The British Council presents in Aqaba "The Age kespeare". Items from the exhibition, which has proved ular in Amman, will be repeated in Aqaba. The exhibition opened with a performance of "Marhaba Shakespeare" and English by the Haya Centre Players. The show will p.m., at the Alcazar Hotel in Aqaba.

Film

In conjunction with the Age of Shakespeare exhibition, tish Council presents "Julius Caesar", at 8 p.m., at the Hotel in Aqaba.

British Ladies Meeting

HASH

WW OF

The British Ladies of Amman hold their next meeting Ambassador Hotel in Shmeisani, at 10 a.m. Guest spea Collier, will demonstrate Yoga exercises. A creche for c will be available. The British Ladies of Amman welc Commonwealth citizens to membership. . .

Now image yourself as some other airli

trying to make out why Swissair is what it i

Swissair or your IATA travel agents will

glad to give you all further information

lsraeli raid

(Continued from page 1)

the control of Palestinians and Lebanese leftists, came under artillery attack from the Israeli border area after the raid, Palestinian sources said.

Mr. Begin said vesterday Israel could destroy the Syrian missiles within two hours and Damascus could do nothing to stop it.

He made the statement in an interview with the American cable news television network (CNN) after telling reporters earlier that Dean, who is resigning. Israel could not wait indefinitely for a U.S. peace mission to settle Senate approval. the crisis. The U.S. State Department continued fighting between

responded to the renewed Israeli attacks today with an appeal to all and troops from the mostly Syrian parties to avoid escalating the cri-

Department spokesman Dean Zahle.

WANTED

Foreign company with branch office in Amman seeks well-educated salesman with engineering or good commercial background, for construction machinery. Age between 25-35 years. Must be willing to travel extensively to other Arab countries.

vitae, to P.O. Box 5269, Amman.

Send applications, with photo and curriculum

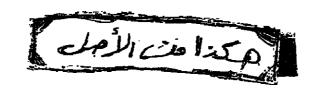
of a country with the world's highest aerial cable way, the world duty of Swissair, its largest airline, to g from as many places as possible to as mar Image yourself for a moment as the airline others as possible in true Swiss style, nar of the country whose people have a tale to ely by the shortest and most convenie yodel about the best way of getting from one place the another. Because not infreduently there will be gorges and takes anothers anothers in route. So it flies to more than 90 de body planes, for instance, installs one se less abreast -- more room instead of mobetween so that you have to hit on bright seats. And, again for instance, Swissair w reservation & information ideas unless you care to spend hours covthe first to use the new, substantially qu please; contact SWISSAIR G SA 🕾 The Near East Tourist Centre enaga couple of hundred yards. eter and more luxurious DC-9-81 Thus they have grown to be a united host ...

of shrewd pathfinders, equal even to the

task of fetching an ocean for landlocked Switzerland to find routes to the ends of the

And so for 50 years past it has been the

earth: the ocean of the skies.



Jordan Intercontinental Hotel

Tel: 41906 P.O. Box 2518

lunsion 2318

or your agent

British chemist suggests setting up research council

By Phyllis Hughes Special to the Jordan Times

A top British chemist is going to recommend that a scientific research council should be formed in Jordan. Professor Trevor Bonner, head of the chemistry department at London University, has just completed a two-week visit to this country to examine the use of chemistry in industry.

And he believes that scientists have not enough financial backing or encouragement to carry out their research work. "I have seen some interesting work being carried out at the Royal Scientific Society," he said. "But the ideas are not being taken up because money is lacking."

One such idea is for an insulation material devised by RSS staff. Using silica, which is available in Jordan, they have made a strong and effective insulation material but they are waiting for financial support before the product can be mass produced.

It is areas like this that Prof. Bonner believes could be developed in Jordan, thus saving-noney because then such materials would no longer have to be mported.

"Any modern society cannot unction without industrial chemists. Almost every modern product involves using chemicals at tome stage and it is vital for Jorlan to develop the expertise and

resources she already has here."

He explained that everything from detergents, artificial fibres, paint, disinfectants, all building materials, lubricants and even the food industry relied on chemicals.

food industry relied on chemicals. Since the RSS was established in 1970, they have made some headway in exploring the field of industrial chemistry. But research workers have no specialised laboratory for this work and have no assistants to carry out the everyday run-of-the-mill tasks.

"I think it is vital to have an organisation that is responsible for promoting research work and also for financing it," said Prof. Bon-

"There are many products which Jordan now imports, such as the ingredients used in making detergent, which could easily be made locally.

"Academic chemistry is all very well, but I believe that this science should be used to help the development of the nation." During his stay, Prof. Bonner visited the RSS, a liquid battery factory, a detergent factory, the Jordan Valley to see the agricultural projects there, the oil refinery and a brewery.

He spent some time in Kenya establishing an applied chemistry research department which was to be used in industrial development.

"I would like to see the che-

"I would like to see the chemistry department at the university working closely with the RSS on projects that would help

Jerusalem

International Melia

Fridays and

Buffet Luncheon

Spanish Specialities.

Prices:Adults JD. 4 Children JD. 2

Al Yarmouk Restaurant

Our executive chef Antonie Martin

For Reservation please call: 65121-4

Hotel Jerusalem International Melia, University

Road, opposite Al Ra'i Newspaper, Amman

is pleased to offer you a buffet with a variety of Arabic, International and industry," he said, adding that in some areas qualified chemists could help considerably with the work -- both from an economic viewpoint and by helping protect workers handling chemicals.

"At one factory I visited, molten lead was being used for one of the process. Overhead ducts were being used to remove the lead fumes, but a lot more could be done to control harmful che micals being released into the air."

Another area Prof. Bonner examined was pollution control at the King Talal Dam. Under a recent law, industry is forbidden to pump industrial waste into the river serving the dam.

But he affirms pollution could be further decreased by treating the liquid waste inside the factory. There are also plans to monitor dangerous chemicals as they arrive in the country and check just when and how they are used.

"Chemicals and their uses are vital to the healthy development of industry here," said Prof. Bonner. "At the moment there are all sorts of different people involved in approving research programmes and grants.

"I think it is a necessity for the whole system to be simplified so that research work is given the money and facilities required much more quickly. Even where laboratory experiments have been successful, they are still waiting for the money to implement the schemes."

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

AMMAN. June 2 (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein today sent a cable of good wishes to the Italian President Sandro Pertini on the occasion of Italy's National Day. In his cable, King Hussein expressed hope for strengthening further the ties of friendship and cooperation between Italy and Jordan in the interest of their peoples.

AMMAN. June 2 (Petra) — A visiting educational delegation from Canada called on Minister of Education Dr. Sa'id Tal, today to discuss cooperation between Jordan and Canada in educational spheres. The delegation, which also met

with the Ministry of Education's secretary general, Mr. Thihni Rafat, was taken on a visit to the curricula directorate and briefed on its work.

AMMAN. June 2 (J.T.) — Director of the Department of Culture at the Foreign Ministry Abdul Hamid Omar received today the Italian ambassador in Amman, Marquis Fabrizio Rossi Longhi and the embassy's cultural attache. During the meeting, they discussed ways of further strengthening cultural ties between Italy and Jordan and prospects of granting scholarships to Jordanian students to study at Italian universities.

IRBID, June 2 (Petra) — The governor of Irbid opened the annual exhibition by the Girls' Community College here today. On display at the four-day exhibition are paintings, needle work and drawings depicting military scenes. Attending the opening ceremony was the director of the education department in the Irbid governorate and several officials.

AMMAN, June 2 (Petra) — Seven Jordanians were fined JD 50 each by the military court for charging people for rides in their private vehicles. The military governor today endorsed the sentences.

AMMAN, June 2 (Petra) — The secretary of the Amman-based Arab Land Transport Federation (ALTF), Mr. Abdullah Al Dumour, returned to Amman today after taking part in the ALTF's board meeting which was held

in Kuwait late last month. The board has formed a special committee to conduct a study to find means to stimulate Arab land transport carriers and substitute

foreign fleets, Mr. Dumour said. It also decided to call on the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) to hold a seminar for Arab transport ministers to discuss an Arab transport strategy.

FOR RENT

A luxuriously furnished 2

bedroom flat, fairly large

L-shaped sitting/dining

area, wall-to-wall car-

peting.

Location: Between 5th Circle and Wadi Sagra Circle.

Tel. 43772, from 6 - 8 p.m. daily

FOR MEDICAL EMERGENCY CALL: Tel. 68384 Dr. DABBAS

FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT

A. Two bedrooms, living, diningroom, kitchen & bath.
 B. Three bedrooms, living, diningroom, kitchen and two baths. Independent heating with telephone.
 Location: a) Jabal Amman - Zahran Quarter.
 b) Shmeisani, near Birds' Garden.

Please contact: Tel. 41443 - 42351.



THE OWNERS OF TRAVEL/

AGENCIES IN JORDAN
TO A COCKTAIL/SLIDE SHOW
ABOUT TOURISM OPP-

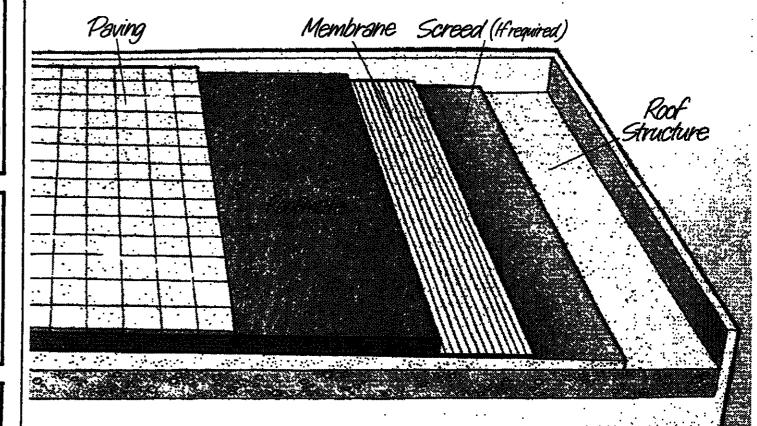
ORTUNITIES

IN TURKEY
At the Turkish Jordanian Friendship
Association, Jabal Amman Rainbow
Cinema Street, on Wednesday June 3,

Please call: 64958 for confirmation

1981, 6 - 9 p.m.

The upside-down roof turns insulation inside-out...



...with Roofmate from Dow.

In an upside-down roof the insulation boards are laid loose on top of the roof 'buildup' and covered only by a layer of gravel or pavingstones.

The boards help to provide and control comfortable temperatures inside the building, and at the same time help to protect the roof structure from the effects of heat and humidity, rain, storms, cold and other damaging elements in the atmosphere. They also offer a unique protection against impact damage.

Dow make an extruded polystyrene foam insulation board with a closed-cell structure that works as well outside as it does inside.

It is called Roofmate* and is a product

It is called Roofmate* and is a product particularly suitable for use in an upside-down roof concept.

The boards require little maintenance, can be placed on new or

existing flat roofs, are easy to service, and because of their strength offer possibilities for other uses of the roof area.

Roofmate* and Styrofoam*: Products ideal for

the Middle East, made in the Middle East.

Applications. The upside-down roof. Thermal upgrading of existing roofs.

Internal wall lining. Cavity wall insulation, cold.

Internal wall lining. Cavity wall insulation, cold store panels and floor insulation.

Characteristics. Closed-cell structure.

Excellent water resistance and extremely low water vapour transmission. Light-weight. Good compressive strength. Long-term insulation performance. Easy to cut, shape and fit.

For further information please contact:-Teknitrade, P.O. Box 11-6418, Beirut, Lebanon. Tel: 354810/1/2. Telex:

Dow

In the Middle East. Trademark of The Dow Ch

Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company

JORDAN VALLEY AUTHORITY Central workshop and vocational training school at Fannush/Jordan Valley

ining school at Fannush/Jordan Valley

THE HASHEMITE

KINGDOM OF JORDAN

Invitation for Prequalification

The Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) hereby invites contractors (Jordanian and others), who are interested in participating in bidding for the construction of the above project, to apply for prequalification.

The project comprises the construction of:

- ia. Vehicle workshop building of 3,000 square metres, wide-span hangar, precast concrete or steel structure, metallic roof cladding.

 b. General workshop building of 2,000 sq. m., as above.
- c. Administration building of 500 sq. m., concrete structure.
 d. Regular service building, concrete structure.
- d. Regular service building, concrete structure.

 e. Vocational training school comprising training workshop, classrooms, administration of about 1,300

sq. m., concrete structure.

i. External works, comprising water supply, drainage, roads, parking areas, car shades, gatehouse, fencing.

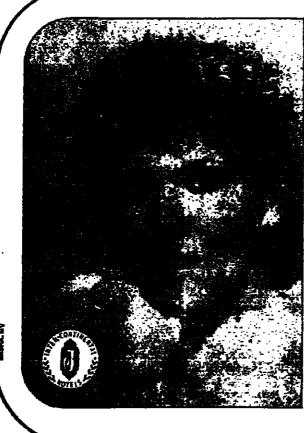
nterested contractors are requested to obtain prelualification forms and return them by noon, June 15,

The Secretary of the Tender Committee,

JVA Headquarter,

Jabal Amman-

Omar Abdullah Dokhgan President



The Junior Atherent Contractions of the Ather

ISI LON. 81/2

Ammans most experienced hotel
HOTELOJORDAN INTER CONTINENTAL

Petula Clark

Gala Dinner Buffet

AT JORDAN INTER-CONTINENTAL HOTEL

IN COOPERATION WITH THE ROYAL JORDANIAN AIRLINE

FOR RESERVATIONS TEL 41361 EXT5 🌘 J.D. 20 PER TICKET

SAME SAMA AVADO

2011年,**全国共和国的**海湾

Strangers in their own land, part III

Create proper atmosphere for Arab intellectuals

By Kamel S. Abu Jaber

SERVAYR are mid-total advertising offices. RESS FOUNDATION miss the problem with the accusation that the state is the reason. 202d, P.O. Box 6710; Amman, Jordan

.. 2m JO. Cables: JORTIMES Amment forda Times is published daily except fridays s advertising departing in

TUMA'A HAMMAD.

CHAPMOUD AL TAXED

RAJA ELISSA MOHAMMAD AMAB

Again. Why is it that our intellectuals are not producing as much as we think they should, or of the quality we think they are capable of achieving? The question is a vital one, touching the heart of our present and future existence. It is not enough to dis-

No, the state is not the only reason. Is it that our intellectuals have become calloussed, their senses dulled, under the impact of their daily pursuit of making a living? So dulled they are either quiet or towing the prevailing line, whatever that line may be? It is a ble-

ssing for any region, or country in the world, to have social peace. Yet, is what we have peace, or "quietism", and how can we know until discussion takes place? The difference is that "quietism", of the kind our region has, seems unnatural in view of the extent of the challenges we face, both intemally and externally.

Sakharov is banished to the city of Gorky in the Soviet Union because of his agitation for human righsts. In America, dis-satisfaction with the existing order of things takes manifold forms from black agitation to other serious challenges to the est-

ablishment. Irish prisoners die on hunger strikes. Yet, in the Arab World, we are plagued with this unnatural serenity -- "quietism". Education, the mass media and modern communications are daily bringing into our society new tools and ideas. Israeli planes are plo-wing the skies of the Middle East with impunity each day and yet we have more of the same -- more

Is it true that, after all, our intellectuals are somehow nothing but the reflection of ourselves, our system, our social order? Only more educated? The "fruits of

found wealth in our Arab World have caused our intellectuals, like our people, to become preoccupied with the acquisition of material things. Our intellectual cannot help but catch the fever all around him. He too wants the cars, refrigerators, villas and the vacations to Cyprus or elsewhere. His thinking too gets attuned to the acquistion of these things, for he too has a family he wants to raise and an appetite he wishes to satisfy. And, like everyone else, or almost everyone else around him, he becomes busy with himself.

development" and the newly- eventually causes him to become apathetic. All he wants is to be left alone in his private little world, devoted to his newly acquired middle class worries.

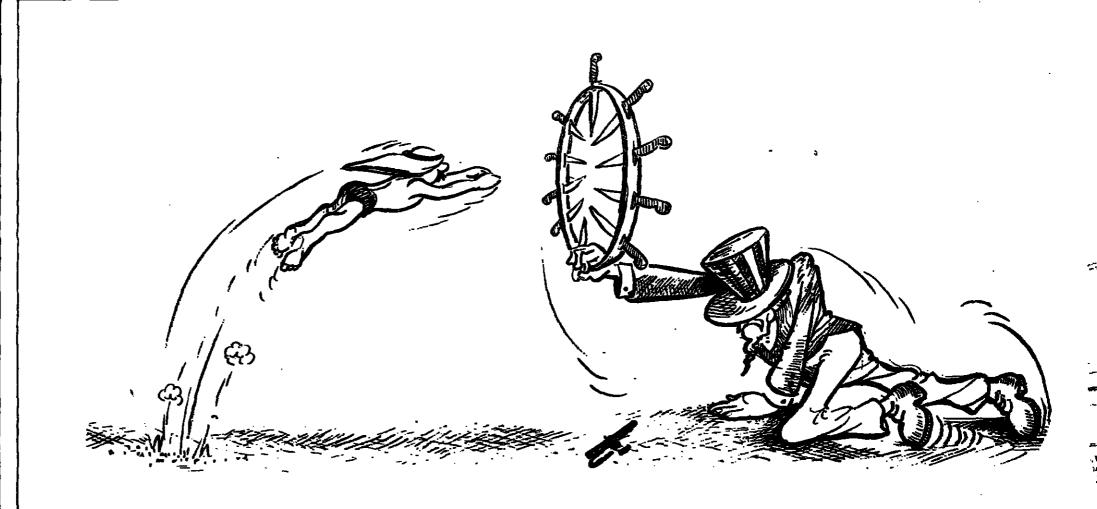
It is hoped that this state of affairs is only temporary; that the shock of the suddennes with which we were thrust into the twentieth century will eventually be absorbed: that we can provide the right atmosphere, whereby we can mitigate the prejudice against intellectualism. both official and popular; that we can provide the material means, as well as the pro-That, plus a seeming social pre- per psychological and social atmjudice against intellectualism, osphere, for our intellectuals. Ins-

tead of their brains "draini by physically migrating o ining" figuratively from use or from abuse, they c ticipate in the process of elopment, not as critics as the case, but as partners wh in the responsibility. A di definition goes underg There, the atmosphere is conducive to festering ar mess. It is out of respect people, our history and c ture that the proper atms should be created to end the Arab World's intellec help shoulder the respons of nationhood and balance

Pretext politics

1 AND NOT take Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin and long to resume bombing Palestinian and Lebanese in southern Lebanon after U.S. special envoy Philip sib had left the Middle East. Not surprisingly, Mr. 24's standings in the public opinion polls have also a stimued to rise, to the point where he is now favoured to the opcoming Israeli general elections. Thus the Israeli ibm. that it is good politics to kill Palestinians and Lebmose, is proven right once again.

The more worrying factor in the current Israeli-: in-Lebanese scene is the role of the United States. The tempt at mediation by Philip Habib has so far shown no "its, and he is expected back in the area later this week try his hand again. A few aspects of the American informatic role leave us uneasy. For one thing, we are all 1981 at to view the Americans with magnanimity and thanks for their peace-making effort, while, in fact, it is the Amerious policy of all-out, unquestioning and unexamined supfor Israel that allows the Israelis to fabricate the curtent "missile" crisis. The United States, badly isolated from the majority of Arab states in the area, is trying to use the miner thin missile issue as a weak pretext to regain a crecal badiy because of its total lack of credibility after the Camp David performance. We also find it incredible that the Americans would ask the Arabs to acquiesce in a return to the "status quo ante" as a reasonable objective, while we seach Israel use American-supplied weapons to remind us of the status quo ante by bombing mercilessly the people of southern Lebanon. Why should Arabs pay with their lives for the weakness of American leaders in the face of Israel?



Helms assumes watchdog' role

in William Scally

A Service Jaron — To America's and the Light. Senator Jesse street stright in shining armthe second line traditional family there is a carting against lefe-

re said state department. has a dangerous med-a con poiser.

car-old, archarms republican from administration's behalf, the role. He has a Breite manner, peers the a professor

than a crusader.

A constant thorn in the side of the Carter administration, he has now assumed the role of congressional watchdog over the ideological purity of the conservative Reagan administration.

In recent weeks Senator Helms has been blamed for holding up the senate confirmation of half a dozen state department officials. including two who have made important foreign trips on the

He has charged a number of would-be officials with inctound glasses ompetence or liberal leanings. He has also pressed for the broadcaster and right-wing edi-

Mr. Reagan had barely arrived at the White House when Senator Helms was bitterly attacking his choice of Caspar Weinberger as detence secretary. He said Mr. Wienberger was inexperienced in military matters and had a reputation as a budget cutter.

South Africa.

Only Senator Helms and his fellow North Carolina Republican, John East, voted against the nomination.

cut-off of aid to the left-wing gov-

emment of Nicaragua, man-

oeuvred democrats into voting

against foreign aid increases,

waged a campaign against food

stamps for the poor and pushed

for a more friendly policy towards

Mr. Jesse Helms was elected to the Senate in 1972, after switching from the Democrats to the Republicans. The son of a policeman and fire chief, he had achieved fame among conservatives as a

In the Senate, he quickly gained a name as an activist, supporting the internal settlement in Rhodesia advocated by former white leader Ian Smith and fighting unsuccessfully to get a U.S. trade embargo against the Rhodesians

717c.

At one point, two of the senator's close aides flew to London in an attempt to influence negotiations that led to independence for Rhodesia, now Zimbabwe. The British government and the State Department raised public objections.

He was a leading opponent of the treaty turning over the Panama Canal to Panama and of the 1979 Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty (SALT II) with the Soviet Union.

The Republican capture of the Senate in last November's elections gave Senator Helms new

committee on Western hemisphere affairs.

stamp programme. The second retary of state for Africa. allowed him to give strong support

who feared a Vietnam-type inv- before the foreign relations comolvement there but also expressed mittee. concern that the U.S.-backed junta headed by Jose Napoleon went on a mission to Western from the principles of free ent- El Salvador before confirmation

Long before the U.S. amb- for European affairs. assador to El Salvador, Robert White, was dismissed by the Reagan administration, Senator ations committee, Charles Percy. Helms was inveighing against him as a "social reformer."

Senator Helms has split with Secretary of State Alexander Haig power. He became chairman of and the White House over their

the agriculture committee and of choices of high-level officials to the foreign relations sub- direct regional foreign policy.

When Chester Crocker flew to Africa for talks with African lea-The first role gave him the opp- ders this month, he did so without ortunity to campaign more str- benefit of Senate confirmation of ongly against the \$11 billion food his appointment as assistant sec-

Senator Helms delayed Mr. for the U.S. role in El Salvador. Crocker's confirmation, insisting He attacked "nervous nellies" he make a second appearance

Earlier, Lawrence Eagleburger Duarte might be straying too far Europe to explain U.S. policy on erprise and too close to socialism. of his post as assistant secretary

> The chairman of the foreign relsaid last week he planned to move ahead on the half-dozen appointments held-up by Senator Helms' opposition.

Ennic Albanians rock the Yugoslav boat

anthony Robinson

is cuily in Pristina of the two demonstrators and the decand the mergency earlier this year in the too aking province of Kosovo in

the selection of post-Tito Yugoslavia. set tourn early March as a student dem-" ... "" roor conditions in the sprawling sees a compus of Pristina, the provincial capthe makings of a full-blown natif the less, it has spread to other towns and

deep south" has rudely shattered

 material state slogaus calling for Kosovo the state of the state of the state of the state of \$ 100 h hally fledged republic have been the against more ominous calls for union Albania and the creation of a " which would incorporate the All the manufactures in neighbouring Montenegro

The sentends for republic status first emerged assistantic way in 1968, after years when the Souvo felt their aspirations had You is appropried. The demonstrations were firmly

At the same time, the decision was taken to quart up the region's economic development. Saint then considerable progress has been made. 19th in the comomy and in the province's real amorates and self-government.

likesevo's searlet flag, bearing the black twoitem ed eagle of Albania, now flies alongside the it is not. Yogoslav flag on all occasions. But per a pite incomes are still below half the national catage, and one-sixth those of Slovenia, the ric-

Used now the Serbs have just watched the Albumbatanti of Kosovo. It is far from certain, however, that they would acquiesce in upgrading Harsaya to full republic status. This would symbolise the destruction of long-standing historical and cultural links with the heartland of traditional

Demands for republic status could re-awaken latent nationalist passions, especially among those Serbs who feel Serbia has been taken advantage of in present-day Yugoslavia. Rising nationalist feeling in Serbia would then almost certainly have repercussions on the delicate balance on which federal, socialist Yugoslavia is based.

In Kosovo's case the risk is especially high. Under the Yugoslav constitution, each republic has the formal, legal right to secede from the Federation. Republican status could theoretically be seen as the first step towards Kosovo's secession and unification with neighbouring Albania. It has to be stressed that, as things stand now.

such an event is very remote indeed. Despite Kosovo's relative poverty, living standards are far higher and personal and political liberty far greater than in Albania.

The riots have drawn attention to the frustration and economic problems of the region, but there must be doubts about the support the demonstrators can claim in the province.

Modern Yugoslavia, created by President Tito and backed up by the Yugoslav League of Communists, the sole permitted political party, is based on the principle of unity in diversity and the theory of equal rights and equal representation for each of the six republics and two autonomous provinces.

To this extent it differs in several fundamental ways from pre-war Yugoslavia, based on Serbian domination at the expense of the rights and privileges of the other nationalities and ethnic gro-

The tensions this caused erupted in violence and bloodshed during the Second World War and the partisan struggle.

It was to reduce Serbia's former dominance and create a more balanced structure that two autonomous provinces, Kosovo and Vojvodina, were carved out of Serbia after the war. They are now. fully represented in the eight-man collective state praesidium and 23-man collective party which run post-Tito Yugoslavia.

. Kosovo today is making impressive efforts to make up for its legacy of backwardness, including 500 years under Turkish domination, with the belp of massive funds from other republics, which contribute over 70 per cent of the Kosovo budget. It receives 45 per cent of the special development fund resources to which all Yugoslav republics contribute nearly two per cent of their incomes. Nature has endowed Kosovo with rich non-

royica, and above all with over 50 per cent of Yugoslavia's lignite deposits. Two huge fields of medium-quality lignite contain over ten billion tons of recoverable reserves. The ratio of overburden to lignite is a highly economic one-to-one, and ambitious development plans look forward to annual production of 50

ferrous ore deposits at Trepca and Kosoyska Mit-

million tons by the end of the decade, with six new power stations. Much of the 4,800 megawatts of electricity will be for export, both to the more industrialised but energy-deficit republics of Yugoslavia itself and to several Western European countries, if current negotiations bear fruit. The main problem with these projects is their highly capital-intensive nat-

ure, and the fact that relatively few jobs will be But new jobs are Kosovo's top priority, as the patriarchal family structure and major improvements in health and welfare have given Kosovo a 2.6 per cent annual population growth, the

highest in Europe. The combination of high fertility and the massive influx of students into Pristina University has created enormous disproportions. The young, in their jeans, vastly outnumber the old men in traditional white felt skullcaps and the peasant women with brocaded gowns or Turkish-style baggy trousers walking two steps behind their

The Albanians, descendants of the ancient Illyrians, are one of the oldest ethnic groups in Europe. The result of the new census in May is expected to show Albanians as having risen to around 80 per cent of a two million population.

This means that the Serbs, who in the last census accounted for around 18 per cent of the population, along with 3 per cent of Montenegrins, 3 per cent of Serb-speaking Moslems, and 0.5 per cent of Turks, will see their own, historically, socially-dominant weight further diminished.

The events in Kosovo illustrate the potential for conflict which is always present in such a complex country. They provide an indication of the kind of political finesse required of Yugoslavs at large, and the collective leadership in particular.

This finesse furthermore has to be exercised against the background of 40 per cent inflation. rising unemployment, and a long-term economic stabilisation policy which is cutting economic growth and the funds available for regional development and public spending.

The sheer number of riot police, secret police and troops in Pristina last March also served as a reminder that the Federal Yugoslav State and the Communist Party have at their disposal a large and well-organised apparatus constantly on the look-out for any activity which would possibly threaten the system.

The collective leadership recognises that Communist Yugoslavia is not a conflict-free society, that ventilation of grievances must be permitted within reason, and that essentially political arguments must be used to dissuade those who would like to see such radical changes as greater economic liberalism, a multi-party system, or greater national self-expression.

(Financial Times news features)

Japan to investiga 'baby hotel' industrice

By Minoru Inaba

TOKYO: Reports of unsafe conditions and unqualified managers are forcing the government to take a close look at Japan's latest boom industry -- "baby hotels" for chi-

ldren of working mothers. Problems have been found, but people in the industry say a more serious problem is parents who abandon their children to the custody of baby hotels. Industry spokesmen say they provide a necessary service in a nation where more mothers -- previously homebound by tradition -- are going to

The bealth and welfare ministry, reporting on a recent survey, said up to 2,000 baby hotels have sprung up across Japan in the last few years, with 10,000 children kept at the 587 found in three major cities. Only half the people running those hotels had legal qualifications such as a nursing or teaching degree, it said.

work.

According to a Tokyo television station which investigated the hotels, 90 per cent of such hotels in Tokyo are on the third floor or higher, a potential fire hazard.

Neither the ministry nor the station, however, cited any cases of injury or death to children at the hotels, where children may be left for a day, a week or even several months.

The owner of a chain of eight hotels in Tokyo told the Associated Press of a case in which a couple left two small children, then vanished for 176 days before telephoning to ask if they were still

Mr. Yoshifumi Kawaguchi, owner of the "Apple Nursery" chain, said he finally persuaded the couple to retrieve their children. He added that it was only one of at least 10 such cases last

Mr. Kawaguchi said it took him three months to track down one 20-year-old mother who abandoned her three-year-old daughter at an Apple nursery. He said he found her working as a hostess-prostitute at a cabaret. "Probably they were lucky," he said of abandoned children. "Years ago, when there were no baby hotels around, the little ones might have faced death in the coin

lockers." Mr. Kawaguchi and other botel

operators defend their bus as a service for working me They point to the rapid it in the number of working in Japan, and say the car-5

million working moth-Japan's population of 117 n Mrs. Hatsue Kumaki 28-year-old employee o ernment agency, has had to month-old son, Toru, in an Nursery botel for 10 hours

Nursery total for 10 hours since her 43-day maternit ended. She pays 45,00 (about \$217) a month, included shuttle service by taxi. "I really have to work. This ary of my husband (also ernment clerk) is not eno maintain our standard of I Mrs. Kumakura said.

"I feel so sorry for my (). know I should be with him ' like hugging him and cryin.

I see him off." Mrs. Kumakusa sauther the psychological consequences from the Mrs. Kumakura said she

her son may suffer from th aration but added: "Thes choice I suppose." "We take good care of th ies and children," said Mis

uko Shiba, 38, manager Apple Nursery baby hotel i Okubo, near the entertai district of Shinjuku. Her floor hotel serves about 2 ldren a day. Miss Shiba, a ce nursery teacher, said diaps, changed every two hours, # prepared by a nutrition ϵ And children can also lea? piano, English and painting
There is a carpeted play q

with a swing, a large play co-hobby horses opposite a packed with rows of baby t' Miss Shiba said none of th nursery mothers is a nurse. I doctor is within a telephore

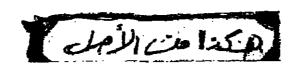
distance." The Apple Nursery char membership fee of 30,000) (\$144) a month. Non-mer of are charged 4,500 yen (\$2)

or an overnight stay.

Most customers are clerks

might club or rests for an overnight stay. chers or night club or resta' hostesses. The Yomiuri Shir said in an editorial that ma these women cannot meet admission rules for city-regul day care centres and nurserie





Another Bani-Sadr adviser arrested

.HRAN, June 2 (R) — A legal riser to Iran's embattled Preent Abol Hasson Bani-Sadr has in arrested on charges of supting counter-revolutionaries, ing bribes and smuggling peoand foreign currency out of the intry, officials said today.

The arrest on Sunday of Mr. nuchehr Masoudi was the latin a series of blows against the sident and his staff and foled an official statement yesday that Mr. Bani-Sadr himself i violated laws of the Islamic

t was the second arrest of a preential adviser in little over two ks. On May 17 an aide was en into custody on a charge of aggling secret documents from foreign ministry.

30th assistants are being held at ıran's Evin jail. An official statement by the c-

s revolutionary prosecutor said t 15 other people, including "imposter clergymen." had n arrested as a result of the

soudi investigation. t accused the legal adviser of epting bribes, misuse of his ers and collaboration with a network which illegally expggled counter-revolutionaries out of Iran, the official news agency Pars reported.

It also accused Mr. Masoudi of extorting money from relatives of counter-revolutionary prisoners seeking their release.

Informed sources said the president's legal department had frequently been approached by anxious relatives seeking reprievals

for prisoners condemned to death. The charges against Mr. Mas-oudi also include collaboration with agents of the ousted regime of the late Shah.

If convicted on all counts, Mr. Masoudi could face death.

The accusations may prove to be the most serious brought against a member of the president's office by Iran's clergy-dominated judiciary.

The president has been under legal investigation for his alleged role in a rally on March 5 at which 45 people were injured in clashes between his supporters and Islamic extremists.

In addition a three-member commission of Muslim clergymen told him yesterday that he had violated the constitution and the ordd foreign currency and smu-ers of revolutionary leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

The commission, set up by Ayatollah Khomeini to calm the war of words between the president and his opponents, rebuked Mr. Bani-Sadr for what it called his defiance of a ban on public speeches harmful to the country.

It also accused him of violating the constitution by refusing to sign a bill passed by the Majlis (parliament). This would empower the government to make appointments to vacant ministerial portfolios.

The President has not yet replied to the accusations but his office said he was expected to do so in due course.

The commission did not recommend any legal action against Mr. Bani-Sadr but sources in his office said he might be summoned by the judiciary to defend himself.

A member of the commission hinted vesterday that discussion of Iran's internal crisis should be left till after the end of the war against

President Bani-Sadr is leading Iran's efforts to drive Iraqi troops back in his capacity as commander-in-chief of the armed

King Khaled receives Mitterrand's emissary

BAHRAIN, June 2 (R) — A special envoy of France's newlyelected Socialist President Francois Mitterrand met King Whaled of Saudi Arabia in Riyadh today, the official Saudi press agency said. Mr. Jacques Andriani delivered a letter to the monarch from President Mitterrand, the agency said. It gave no other details. Mr. Andriani, who arrived last night, is one of several French presidential emissaries sent to the Arab World to allay Arab fears

about Mr. Mitterrand's close friendship with Israel.

first time in two years. death sentences in Turkey

ANKARA, June 2 (A.P.) — Tur-key's military rulers upheld two death sentences against a fugitive leftist terrorist and a rightwinger, the official gazette reported today.

According to Turkish custom, the rightwing terrorist in custody would be hanged at dawn tomorrow. The leftwing terrorist would be hanged as soon as he is captured.

The terrorist being held in a military prison in eastern Turkey was identified as Cevdet Karakas, 22. He would be the fifth terrorist executed since Turkey's generals seized power nearly nine months

Mr. Karakas was found guilty in the fall 1979 murder of lawyer Erden Aslan and the attempted murder of a teacher, Mr. Ali Riza

Deger.
The fugitive leftwinger was identified as Mr. Recep Sariaslan, 22, who was found guilty of murdering Mr. Hilmi Soydan, also a lawyer and a former Uvorarightwing senator from Kahramanmaras in southeastern Tur-

At least 112 persons died in Kahramanmaras during December 1978 rioting. The left-right battles also wounded more than

That incident sparked the imposition of martial law in Turkey which culminated in the Sept. 12. 1980 coup by the Turkish military.

The last hanging in Turkey was on Dec. 13, when 18-year-old Erdal Eren was hanged. He was a leftist found guilty of shooting a

JORDAN

EXPRESS CO.

PACKING & CRATING

AIR & SEA FREIGHT

TRAVEL & TOURISM

Tel. 62722, 62723

38141, 22565

tix. 21635 P.O. Box 2143

Philadelphia |

Rent-A-Car

ALL NEW CARS

FULLY INSURED

Philadelphia Hotel

Tel. 25194

military police private.

TEL AVIV. June 2 (R) — Prime

Minister Menachem Begin jumped into the lead in Israel's gen-

eral election contest today with

voters apparently rallying round

his forceful handling of the Leb-

Just four weeks before election

day, an opinion poll in the Jer-

usalem Post newspaper showed

Mr. Begin's Likud bloc coalition

apparently moving ahead of the opposition Labour Party for the

anese missile crisis.

Turkey had not hanged a political prisoner in eight years before the coup. But less than a month after the military took power, two terrorists, a leftist and a rightist were hanged on Oct. 8. The third banging was on Oct. 26.

In addition to the four men already hanged in Karakas, the ruling military National Security Council (NSC) has upheld five other death sentences including the one against Sariaslan. All of those men are fugitives and will be hanged immediately upon their

The court of appeals has upheld the death sentences of five leftist terrorists and they are awaiting a final decision by the NSC.

Begin leads in poll The survey showed Likud likely to capture 45 seats in the 120-

member Knesset against 42 for Labour. If the figures proved correct then Mr. Begin would be well placed to construct a new coalition with help from other right-wing groups.

The findings struck gloom into the Labour Party which has seen its once-formidable lead dwindle to vanishing point in four months.

The poll was taken at the end of May when the Lebanese crisis, which focussed attention on Mr. Begin's leadership, was three weeks old. Commentators have suggested

that the rousing rhetoric with which Mr. Begin has demanded removal of the Syrian anti-aircraft missiles from Lebanon has been well received, especially by younger Israelis or those of oriental Jewish origin in lower wage groups whom polls had shown as deserting the prime minister.

The Lebanese crisis thrust other election issues into the background, including the economy which had been Labour's main line of attack.

Despite widespread criticism in press and parliament of Mr. Begin's flamboyant approach to the crisis, Labour has shown reluctance to appear too devisive at a time of possible Arab-Israeli con-

Even before the Lebanese crisis, economic grievances had been largely soothed by a sweeping programme of pre-election tax cuts instituted by Finance Minister Yoram Aridor.

The minister today announced a further round of reductions on a variety of goods from washing machines and watches to cha-

ndeliers and carpets. The government has also launched an energetic housing drive

in the pre-election months. The consistent pace of Mr. Begin's electoral recovery gave Labour little hope of a sudden

reversal in the trend before polling day on June 30. Signs have now appeared that the prime minister may attack Labour proposals to give back

parts of the occupied West Bank to Jordan. Mr. Begin insists that the West Bank, together with the occupied

Golan Heights and Gaza, are not only vital for Israel's security but form part of a divine Jewish heritage and that their return would lead to creation of an implacably hostile Palestinian state. In a little noted speech he made

yesterday in Jerusalem but published by the government press office today, Mr. Begin said Israel would never abandon the West Bank, the Golan Heights and Gaza.

"We want to live in peace and mutual respect with our Arab neighbours," he said, "But this is Erkuz-(the land of) Israel.

RESTAURANTS & BARS

RESTAURANT CHINA "The First & Best Chinese Restaurant

in Jordan"

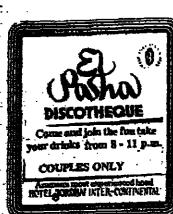
First Circle, Jabal Amman Near Ahliyyah Girl's School 12:00 - 3:30 p.m.

6:30 p.m. - Midnight Tel. 38968 Take Home Service Available

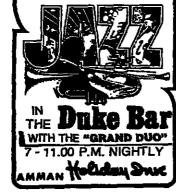


















TRANSPORTATION



NATIONAL RENT-A-CAR 1981 MODELS AVAILABLE

TEL. 39197-8 ORHNITRANSPORT FOR YOUR AIRFREIGHT, SEAFREIGHT, OVERLAND

transport, Packing &

HOUSEHOLD REMOVAL

CONTACT US FOR A

QUOTATION. TEL, AMMAN 64128-9-30 **AOABA 2135** TLX. 21547 P.O. BOX 926499

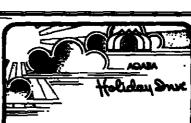




Brand-new model 1981 JORAC RENT- A-CAR Jabai Amman. facing Intercontinental Hetei For reservations, Please cail: Tel, 44938



AQABA



Evening Dinner Buffet Friday Lunch & Dinner Buffets in sunny Aqaba Tel. 2426 Tix. 62263 JO



MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant

AQABA Amman road beside Samir Amis Restaurant Tel. 4633





MISCELLANEOUS



Civil Defence St. Tel. 63890

Scandinavian See the latest in Denish sitting room furniture, wall units and bedrooms at Scandinavier Showroom. We have a large selection of sitting

rooms in luxurious Chintz material.

re avalle



67150 30217

25191

73573 25191



Ghusein Hotel Grand Palace Hotel Hisham Hotel Hotel Jordan Intercontinental Jordan Tower Hotel 61161 Philadelphia Rent A Car
American Express Representative Tel. 61014-5

Middle East Hotel Merryland Hotel Philadelphia Hote 65178 61121/2 San Rock Hotel 42720 65167/8

Jordan Modern Exh. for Oriental Souvenirs Philadelphia Rent A Car



You can have colour separation from all kinds of prototypes done with a computerised system. Results are guaranteed to be accurate and thorough. Reasonable prices-quick del-

Call the printing press of the **Jordan Press Foundation** Tei. 67171, Amman.

Oil company sues Bank of England for £1 billion

LONDON, June 2 (R) - A British oil company today claimed compensation of one billion sterling from the Bank of England in one of the biggest commercial actions ever staged in the London high court.

The Burman Oil Comapny, which was rescued by the bank after it ran into financial difficulties in 1974, says that the bank took unfair advantage of

The bank had bought Burmah's 20.1 per cent shareholding in the British Petroleum (BP) company at a low price, and the shares had then risen spectacularly in value. Burmah told the court. Its lawver, Leonard Hoffman, said a present-

day buyer would pay one billion sterling for such a

Saudis maintain high output level

Arabia said it will maintain its preorting Countries to reduce it by

The Saudi press agency quoted Minister of Information Mohammad Abdu Yamani, as saving

By David Satter

MOSCOW: The end of the U.S.

grain embarge will probably help

to stop the Soviet Union sla-

ightering livestock which it can no

longer feed, but it will not solve

The embargo's effect was to

aggravate the shortages of feed

grain which followed two suc-

cessive bad harvests, denying Rus-

sia the chance to buy abroad the

feed grain it was unable to pro-

The lifting of the embargo,

imposed after Soviet troops went

into Afghanistan, will give the

Soviet Union greater flexibility in

Western experts believe it will

bay 2 million to 5 million tonnes of

Satra U.S. grain by the end of the

But the serious shortages of meat and dairy products, which

have affected cities throughout

the country, apportedly leading to

inclustrial unrest, may persist for

years. They were not caused by

the embargo, but stem instead

from the spectacular waste on Sov-

making up its grain shortages.

Russia's food problems.

duce at home.

₽èar.

that Crown Prince and Deputy Premier, Fahd Ibn Abdul Aziz, has told vesterday meeting of the Council of Ministers that his government was "keen to maintain its previous production in order to ten per cent. achieve major goals of its dev-

empt to absorb the present twothree million barrels a day surplus

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Oil rig sinks off Angolan coast

LISBON, June 2 (R) - An offshore oil rig has toppled over off the coast of Angola, but the Angolan news agency ANGOP said no one had been hurt.

It quoted a communique by the state-owned oil concern Sonangol as saying the rig sank following a blowout during the drilling of a natural gas well.

In London a spokesman for the U.S. Gulf Oil Company which runs Sonangol said the rig had tipped over and parts of it were still

All the crew of the rig was evacuated and there was no danger of any pollution to the coastline of Cabinda, separated from the rest of Angola by a narrow strip of Zaire territory, according to the

Argentina devalues peso by 30%

BEUNOS AIRES, June 2 (R) — Argentina last night devalued its peso by 30 per cent against the U.S. dollar, the second big devaluation in two months.

Economy Minister Lorenzo Sigaut took action after a run on the peso which had cost the country \$40 million by the end of last

All foreign exchange transactions were suspended earlier today and Central Bank President Julio Gomez resigned with his vice-

president. The run on the peso was sparked by a newspaper report saying that the economy was in danger in collapse unless urgent actions were taken.

Mr. Sigaut said the devaluation was aimed at reactivating industry and agriculture, reversing a mounting foreign trade deficit and ending speculation in the foreign exchange markets.

EEC- Japan trade talk end without any progre

BRUSSELS, June 2 (R) — Highlevel trade talks here between the European Common Market and Japan ended today with virtually no progress on any issue, EEC officials said.

"The facts speak for themselves, and they amount to pretty near zero. We are very dis-appointed," the EEC commission's chief trade negotiator. Sir Roy Denman, said.

The commission had been hoping for moves from Japan both to restrain a flood of exports to Europe in such sensitive sectors as cars and electronic products and to open the Japanese market to more European goods.

At a press conference after the talks Sir Roy reeled off a long list of issues on which there had been no progress and said Japanese exporters were showing nothing like the moderation and restraint which EEC governments had repeatedly requested.

He said the Japanese had repeated their rejection fo any general restraint agreement on car exports to the European Com-.

the light of events in Poland, are

reported to be a cause of growing

All first-hand reports from the

collectives describe how gross ine-

fficiency stems from the collective

farmers' indifference to their

work, aggravated by chronic alc-

grain harvest have been hurt by an

unseasonably cold April, but Wes-

tern agricultural experts believe

that, even with a good harvest, the

Soviet Union will need to import

20 million to 25 million tonnes of

grain to maintain herds at their

Russians have been eating less

meat since 1977, when they con-

sumed an average of 125 pounds

each. Barring major reforms to

give collective farmers some inc-

entive for taking more care about

their work, the official target for

the late 1980s of 180 pounds of

meat a year for every Soviet cit-

izen is, by all the signs, many dec-

The prospects for this year's

oholism and theft.

present strength.

ades away.

concern to the Soviet leaders.

munity as long as individual EEC in the EEC at a record 8.2 states kept tight national import governments are fighting

curbs in place. The Japanese said they might instead consider restraining sales to countries which do not at present impose import curbs, but they

gave no firm pledges, he added. In the first four months of this year Japanese car exports to the EEC jumped by 20 per cent to 310,000, hitting record levels in several countries.

EEC governments, worried by this rise, have called on Japan to agree to a pact limiting car sales to Europe similar to the one it recently agreed with the United Sta-

EEC car manufacturers are some of the largest employers of industrial labour in the Common Market, and with unemployment 17.

them from collapse.

In Belgium, however, car sales have captured 27 of the market and c ufacturers here have by ssing the government to t sures to reduce them.

Sir Roy Denman said Vice-Minister for Foreign Kivoaoki Kikuchi, gave v. ications this week that ernment would consider sales to Belgium, the Net and West Germany.

But he said that details expected to be decid-Japan's Minister for Inte: Trade and Industry, R Tanaka, visits Brussels

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, June 1 (R) — Following are the buying and selli for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets

2.0370/80 One sterling 1.2063/66 One U.S. dollar 2.3690/3705 2.6160/6210 2.0990/1010 5.5900/50 38.38/41 1170.75/1171.75 223.05/25 5.0090/0100

5.8170/90 7.4550/75

U.S. dollar Canadian dollar West German n Dutch guilders Swiss francs French francs Belgian francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

Norwegian crow

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

One ounce of gold 475.50/477.00

LONDON STOCK MARK

LONDON, June 2 (R) — Share prices closed easier after a session and the F.T. index at 1500 was down 3.4 at 545.8 Government bonds were on offer throughout the day renewed concern over U.S. interest rates after the federal rate touched 21 per cent yesterday. Falls ranged to 78, Equity leaders closed mixed, but with an easier bias.

U.S. and Canadian stocks were quietly mixed. Ceed Intl added 12p to 258 following its full year fig Trading news also made for advances of 30p in De La Rue. MEPC and 8p in Tanks.

Eagle Star closed 7p higher at 278 in a firm insurance s Operators expect Allianz Versicherungs' tender offer for ther 20.42 million shares may be successful despite opposit

Shell and BP were both 8p lower while ICI shed 4p but r and GEC recovered a 7p fall.

isterial OPEC meeting held in

sent high level of oil production reaching ten million barrels a day despite calls by its partners in the Organisation of Petroleum Exp-

ten per cent as of this month.

needed for national economy."

The Saudi government discussed the outcome of the min- in the world oil market.

The Soviet dependence on for-

eign grain has obscured the fact

that collective farmers waste at

least as much grain from ina-

dequate drying, transport and sto-

rage, as well as from theft. Even in

peak years, the Soviet Union has

The Soviet journal Questions of

Economics said last year that feed

grain losses due to improper han-

dling may be as high as 20 to 30

per cent, or as much as 35 million

to 40 million tonnes. Grain imp-

orts in the 1980-81 agricultural

year were 35 million tonnes. Wes-

tern agricultural experts believe

that 28 million tonnes of grain -

15 per cent of last year's harvest -

was lost between being cut by the

combines and reaching the grain

elevators, with sizeable other los-

ses likely during subsequent tra-

In 1966-76, the Soviet Union

made a major effort to improve

agriculture. It invested roubles

213 billion (\$280 billion) in agr-

iculture, or two-thirds of all the

money invested in agriculture in

During those years things did

the history of the Soviet state.

nsport.

been obliged to import.

iet collective farms.

Geneva last week in which Saudi Arabia refused to abide by a resolution adopted by ten members to reduce their production by

Burmah seeks to recover the current value of

Burmah argues that the Bank of England con-

cluded an unacceptable bargain when it bought

the BP shares because this conferred on the bank a

benefit to which, in good conscience, it was not

He explained to the court how Burmah, until

then financially healthy, ran into a cash-flow pro-

blem after the crisis caused by the sudden jump in

oil prices in 1974 and the collapse of the oil tanker

In December, 1974, it pledged its shareholding in BP, then worth £179 million, to the bank in

return for guarantees and loan facilities.

the BP shares. The bank contests the case, which is

expected to last about eight weeks.

The ten countries said they elopment and to secure reserves adopted this resolution in an att-

Why Soviet agriculture will stay in the doldrums get better. Soviet grain harvest increased by 40 per cent and agricultural labour productivity rose

But waste on the collectives grew at the same time, with grain

by 58 per cent. Agricultural pro-

duction per capita grew by 25 per

massive investment in agriculture was unproductive because "profitability, efficiency and quality play virtually no role in the work of state and collective farms."

In 1970-77, while Soviet agriculture was receiving unprecedented support from the state.

The end of the U.S. grain embargo will do nothing to solve the main problem of Soviet agriculture — the inefficiency and waste endemic in the collective far-

production costs rising by 45 per cent in 1970-77, while those for beef went up by 47 per cent, mutton by 60 per cent and wool by 70 per cent. The cost of honouring the government's commitment to keep meat and milk prices down to 1962 levels rose to roubles 30 bil-

ming system.

lion a year. Mr. I.N. Buzdalov, an economist with the Institute of Economics of the Academy of Sciences, said recently in an unusually frank assessment that the profitability in the collectives declined by 50 per cent.

West that Soviet agriculture inefficiency is rooted in the collective farm system itself. Recent Soviet studies appear to confirm this.

stored, a collective farm animal is fed three to four times as much grain as its cousin on a farmer's private plot. Collective farmers are also said

to lose 15 per cent of all mineral

Aqaba

Paris

.....Cairo (EA)

Beirut (MEA)

10 sheep or goats.

It has long been assumed in the

Once the grain is harvested and

a collective farmer could own one cow and one sow, with their offspring, two hogs for fattening and

fertiliser in transport or storage

and to use six to seven times as

much seed as American farmers.

To improve production, and

possibly to counter the embargo,

the Soviet government last year

increased the incentives for col-

lective farmers to grow private

produce, and tried to raise the col-

A government decree soon

after the U.S. imposed the emb-

argo removed limits on private

ownership of livestock. Previously

lective farms' general output.

These limits are now gone and the press has published articles on the advantage of raising livestock under long-term contracts with

The government is now also giving cash incentives to increase fodder reserves, the depletion of which has been the chief reason for the fall in milk production in the collectives.

But despite these actions food shortages will continue. These, in

(Financial Times news features)

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORBAN TELEVISION

CHANNEL 3

CHANNEL 6

Koran . Cartoons 6:10 . . Rainbow . BJ. and the Beat Local Programme News in Arabic Arabic series Programme on Arts ... Hawaii 5-0

.... French programme News in French News in Hebrew Comedy: "And Mother makes Five' Lady Killers News in English

RAMO JORDAN 855 KNz, AM & 99 MM, FM

	•
7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Headlines
10:03	Morning Show
10:30	30 Minute Theatre
11:00	Signing off
	News Headlines
12:03	
13:00	ALTERNATION AND AND PROPERTY.
13:03	
14:00	······································
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Andalucia
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	
16:03	
16:30	
17:00	World of Arabian Music
17:30	Pop Session
18:00	
18:03	
18:30	
19:00	News Desk (News Bulletin,
	ress Review. News Reports)
19:10	News Reports
19:30	Disco
20:30	Evening Show
_	

...... News Summary Evening Show News Headlines

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Derby Preview 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 The Golden Age of Pop 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Terry Wogan's Album Time

Summary 07:30 Letter from London 7:40 Book Choice 07:45 Report on Religion 08:00 World News; Reflections 68:15 Peebles' Choice 08:30 Brain of Britain 1981 09:00 World News: British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Finuncial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 America, Europe and the

07:00 World News; 24 Hours News

World 10:15 Derby Preview 10:30 The Poetry of Europe 11:00 World News: News about Britain 11:15 Listening Post 11:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Nat-ure Notebook 12:25 The Farming World 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 13:30 Radio Theatre: Men at Arms 14:15 Interlude 14:45 Interlude 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 Sarah and Company 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News; Listening Post 17:25 One in Ten; Book Choice 17:45 Sports Round-up 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Top Twenty 19:00 Outlook: News Summary 19:39 Stock Market Report; Look Ahead 19:45 Theme and Variations 20:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 Assignment 21:00 Network UK 21:15 Moment Musical 21:30 Jazz for the Asking 22:00 World News; The World Today 22:25 Book Choice; Financial News 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 One in Ten 23:39 Top Twe-

YOICE OF AMERICA

AMMAN AIRPORT

7:40	Cairo (EA)
8:45	
8:55	
9:30	Jeddah
9:48	Kuwait
9:45	Dubai. Muscat
9:55	Beirut
10:0	0 Dhahran
	5 Abu Dhabi
	0 Cairo (EA)
13:0	0 Bucharest, Larnaca
	(Tarom)
	Jeddah (SV)
15:0	
15:3	
16:30) Cairo
	Athens
17:00	
17:3	Zurich (SR)
17:36	Copenhagen. Athens
17:55	Cairo
18:00	London
	Rome, Damascus (fA)
19:16	Cairo (EA)
20:00) Beirut
20:55	London (BA)
23-4	
74-01	Baghdad
01 -P)Cairo
47:A	/ Cauo
DEP	ARTURES:

Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special backgrounf features, media comments, analyses.

ARRIVALS:

	Cairo (EA)
k-15	
3:55	Aqaba
):30	Jeddah
):4 6	Kuwait
	Dubai, Muscat
	Beirut
	Dhahran
10:0:	5 Abu Dhabi
11:4	0 Cairo (EA)
13:0	0 Bucharest, Larnaca
	(Tarom)
4:00) Jeddah (SV)
L5:05	Larnaca (CY)
	5 Kuwait (KAC)
6:30) Cairo
6:35	Athens
7:00) Bangkok
17:35	5 Zurich (SR)
7:35	Copenhagen, Athens
7:55	Cairo
8:00	London London
8:30	Rome, Damascus (£A)
9:10	Cairo (ÈA)
0:00	Beirut
0:55	London (BA)
3:40) Cairo (EA)
4:00) Baghdad
)1:00	Cairo
DEP.	ARTURES:

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:00 News English: news, feature "Space and Man." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup; reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters, 20:00 Special English; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports,

45 Cairo	
£55 Aqaba	
:30 Jeddah	
:46 Kuwait	
:45 Dubai, Muscat	
:55 Beirut	
0:00 Dhahran	
19:05 Abu Dhabi	
11:40 Cairo (EA)	
13:00 Bucharest, Larnaca	
(Tarom)	
4:00 Jeddah (SV)	
5:05 Larnaca (CY)	
5:35 Kuwait (KAC)	
6:30 Cairo	
6:35 Athens	
7:00 Bangkok	
7:35 Zurich (SR)	
7:35 Copenhagen, Athens	
7:55 Cairo	
8:00 London	
8:39 Rome, Damascus (fA)	
9:10 Cairo (ÈA)	
0:00 Beirut	
0:55 London (BA)	
3:40 Cairo (EA)	
4:90 Baghdad	
1:00Cairo	
milliminiminiminimi 784V	
DEPARTURES:	

DOCTORS: .. Irbid: Adnan Al Halbouni

5:45 .. Damascus, Frankfurt (LH)

. London (BA) 11:00 Vienna, N. York, Houston 11:30 Athens 11:30 12:20 . Athens, Copenhagen (SK) Cairo (EA) 14:25 Larnaca, Bucharest ... (Tarom) . Lamaca (CY) Kuwait (KAC) Abu Dhabi Kuwait Jeddah Baghdad . Cairo Cairo (EA) Dubai, Ras Al Khaima Rawalpindi (BA)

8:00 Athens, Amsterdam (KLM)

7:15

EMERGENCIES

Nidal Maragha 71218/842642 Abdul Aziz Abu Khalaf ... 22520/ Tarique Hajjawi 85445/86234 PHARMACIES: ... Nairoukh Al Jihadh 75147 AL Salam . 36730 Al Salamh irbid:

Wardeb ...

TAXIS: . Asfour . 23230 Khalid 23715 Al Shahid 21091 Rania Sultan **CULTURAL CENTRES**

American Centre 4	1520
British Council 361	47-8
French Cultural Centre 3	7009
Goethe Institute 4	1993
Soviet Cultural Centre 4	4203
Spanish Cultural Centre 2	
Turkish Cultural Centre 39	
Haya Arts Centre 66	
Al Hussein Youth City 6	
Y:W.C.A41	
Y.W.M.A 64	
Amman Municipal Library 36	
University of Jordan Lib	עזגי
843555/843	466
THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN OF THE PE	

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30

Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 23316

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fri days and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tue-

sdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Isiamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays Tel. 30128.

PRAYER TIMES

11:31

LOCAL

Maghreb

EXCHANGE RATES Saudi riyal 98.6/99.1 W. German mark 141.

Lebanese pound	79.3/79.6
Syrian pound	50/52
Iraqi dinar	723/732
Kuwaiti dinar	1197/1200
Egyptian pound	393/397
Qatari riyal	91.6/92
UAE dirham	90.9/91.5
Omani riyal	965/970
U.S. dollar	332/335
U.K. sterling	684/688.1

Swiss franc 160. Italian lire ... (for every 100) French franc Dutch guilder Swedish crown ... Belgium franc ..

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance (government)	. 75111
Civil Defence rescue	61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency)	37111-3
Police headquarters	39141
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police. (English	spoken
24 hours a day for emergency 2111	i. 3777
Airport information (ALIA) 922	15/92204
lordan Television	. 73111
Radio Jordan	. 74111

Firstaid, fire, police Fire headquarters Cablegram or telegram ... Information Jordan and Middle East trunk calls ... Overseas radio and satellite calls ... Telephone maintenance and repair service

MARKET PRICES

50 90	Carrots
90	
	Turnips 110
80	Bananas 250
170	Bananas (from makhmar)
80	Dates250
170	Apples (American, Japanese
80	red, wased)480
	Apples (Double Red) 310
	Analy (0. 1.)
	Apples (Starken) 200
70	Apples (Golden) 240
140	Oranges (Shammonri)
120	Oranges (Valencia)
	Oranges (Waxed)140
	Grapefruit 160
	Lemon
280	Coconut (apiece)200
150	Coconut (apiece)
	80 170 80 130 180 120 70 140 120 70 120 80



Can the Danes contain the Italians

COPENHAGEN, June 2 (R) - Denmark will have to keep a tight rein on Francesco Graziani tomorrow if they are to have any chance of checking Italy's march towards a place in the World Soccer Cup finals in Spain. The talented Torino striker scored the goals which earned the Italians a 2-0 win over Denmark in their first meeting in the European group five qualifying section last November.

The task of containing the lively Graziani will not be the Danes' only problem. They must also find a way of breaking down an Italian defence which has yet to concede a goal in the competition. Four 2-0 victories give them a healthy two-point lead over both Yugoslavia and Greece, and victory tomorrow would almost certainly book their place in the finals next year.

Only Luxembourg, without a point from six matches, keep Denmark from the bottom of the group table. The Danes' four points have come from two matches against them. Neither team is expected to be announced until shortly before the kick-off.

Women's hall of fame

NEW YORK, June 2 (A.P.)—"The eighties will be the decade of women," former Olympic gold medallist Denna Davarona said today in formally opening the women's sports hall of fame. "The 60s and '70s were the period of our struggles," she said. "We made tremendous gains but the 1980s will see the fulfilment of our efforts."

Devarona, a swimming champion, is president of the organisation which Eva Auchincloss, executive director, described as the only museum dedicated to the accomplishments of women athletes. "It has three purposes," Auchincloss said. "It provides role models for the women who have heretofore performed in the shadow of the men. It provides them with respect and affords inspiration and history."

The first exhibit, honouring athletes inducted in the first ballot last year, opened at a branch of the manufacturers Hanover Trust Bank, which is sponsoring the project. The display will be shown in other cities. Devarona and the bank's Executive Vice President, Robert Isban, cut the ribbon at ceremonies attended by a number of current outstanding women athletes.

Besides Devarona, they included long-distance swimmer Diana Nyad, tennis star Mary Carillo, golfer Amy Alcott, skier Suzy Chaffee Kathy Switzer, first woman to run in the Boston Marathon, and Janet Guthrie, the first woman to drive a car in the Indianapolis 500. Miss Guthrie was one of the first inductees along with tennis star Billie Jean King and Olympic track champion Wilma Rudolph.

Hopeful Swedes face N. Ireland

STOCKHOLM, June 2 (R) — Sweden could irreparably damage Northern Ireland's hopes of getting to the World Soccer Cup Finals in Spain if they beat them in a qualifying tie here tomorrow. The Swedes have picked up only two points from their opening four European group four games, but manager Lars Amesson feels that a change of luck could bring them their first victory.

"Luck must turn our way eventually, because things usually even out in sport, and why not now," Arnesson asked reporters here." We know their style of play. We just have to neutralise their power in the air."

The Irish lie second in the group table two points behind the Scots, and, with Portugal breathing down their necks, they cannot afford to return home with less than a point. Irish manager Billy Bingham said that his players had looked sharp in training before flying to Sweden. "But we missed two warm-up matches when England and Wales refused to play us in the British Championship because of the political troubles there, and this could work against us," Bingham added.

As he strives to keep alive Sweden's very slim chances of playing in Spain next year. Amesson's plans have been hit by injury and illness.

GOREN BRIDGE

there." East won and return-

ed a diamond to the ace.

Declarer drew trumps, cash-

ed his high clubs, discarding

a diamond from dummy

(discarding a spade was no

better), and then had to

He tried a low spade to the

queen. East won and return-

ed the ten of spades, and the

defenders quickly took three

spade tricks to go with the

king of diamonds - down one.

his queen of diamonds to bet-

ter use than banking all on

the 50 percent chance of a

successful finesse. Consider

what would happen if, at

trick one, declarer won the

rounds and the three high

clubs are cleared, declarer

discarding one of dummy's

diamonds. Now a diamond is

led to the queen, and

declarer doesn't mind which

At this point, both

declarer and dummy are

down to major-suit cards only. Whichever defender

wins the king of diamonds

is faced with a Hobson's

choice—he can either lead a

minor-suit card and allow

declarer to ruff in dummy

while discarding a spade

from his hand, or he must

break the spade suit for

declarer, in which case the

defenders can collect only

the ace and king in the suit.

In either case, declarer will

lose only one diamond and

two spade tricks.

defender wins the trick.

Trumps are drawn in three

ace of diamonds.

Declarer could have put

tackle spades.

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

01981 by Chicago Tribuna

Neither vulnerable. South

EAST

♦ A 108

♥ J 54

OK 105

+ 10542

deals.

WEST

♦ K92

OJ9632

SOUTH

+ J63

¢ 74

The bidding:

best.

PAKQ

♥AKQ103

South West North East

1 Pass 2 Pass

4 ♥ Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Three of O.

"Obvious" and "best"

aren't synonymous. On this

hand. South made the obvi-

ous play and soon found out

that it was decidedly not the

Though South had a very strong hand, it contained five

losers, so it was worth only a

one bid. When North could

do no more than raise. South

realized that it was unlikely

that his partner could cover

four of his losers. Therefore,

he was content to settle

West led a low diamond,

quietly in game.

NORTH

+Q754

V9872

♦ AQ8

483

"The British Disease":

Soccer hooliganism

LONDON, June 2 (R) - Fifteen were still drunk during the (Satyears ago England stood tall and proud as world football champions, but now its national team is derided and its supporters are despised. The nation that gave soccer to the world can only bow its head in shame at the behaviour of English fans who left a trail of weekend havoc in Basle where England were beaten 2-1 by Switzerland in a World Cup qualifying

Millions of television viewers throughout Europe saw youths draped in Union Jack flags attacking unsuspecting Swiss supporters with sticks, boots and bottles. It was the latest in a seemingly unstoppable series of such incidents involving English fans abroad and is almost certain to result in disciplinary action by the game's governing body, FIFA.

A year ago English fans were involved in similar riots at a European Championship match in Turin and the European Football Union imposed a fine of \$16,500 on the English soccer authorities. But FIFA will need to look a lot further than a simple fine if it is to find a way of curbing the excesses of those fans who see an overseas trip as an excuse for a drunken brawl.

The Secretary of the English Football Association (F.A.), Ted Croker, is prepared to back any move to outlaw English fans at foreign matchs. "I may well ask the governing body to put pressure on countries we visit not to sell tickets to English supporters," Croker said.

Some observers saw such a move as unrealistic. The English F.A. banned the sale of tickets in Scotland for last month's England-Scotland match at Wembley because of the riotous record of Scottish fans at previous games in London. In fact, there seemed to be more Scots inside Wembley Stadium than ever before, though this time Scotland won and the fans were on their

Apart from the dispiriting quality of England's performance on the pitch, there was general agreement among returning fans that alcohol was the immediate cause of the trouble in Basle. One fan was reported as saying: "Some of the English fans were drunk on Thursday when they arrived and

urday) match. "The stadium organisers should have stopped bottles being taken in. Instead, they let fans through loaded with booze."

There seems little doubt the Swiss were ill-prepared to cope with the English invasion despite the fans' unsavoury reputation following similar skirmishes in the past. Croker said: "Between 25 and 40 police were initially assigned to crowd control. This was ludicrous and we managed to get reinforcements brought in."

The Basie police themselves admitted they had never previously had to use dogs and teargas inside a soccer stadium. Meanwhile, a British member of parliament blamed the 'hacking tactics' of the England footballers for setting a bad example to the fans, while another demanded that Britons convicted of violence abroad should forfeit their passports. But British Sports Minister Hector Monro said in a radio interview it would not be practical to confiscate the passports of offending fans. Whatever the causes of what has become known as 'The English Disease' genuine supporters may be forgiven for viewing the nation's soccer prowess with mixed feelings. At club level, England reigns supreme, having won the European Cup -- the continent's premier soccer club trophy-for the past five years.

But England's reputation as an international soccer power is in tatters. Switzerland's win in Basle was their first over England for 34 years and left the English without a win in their last six games. Their chances of reaching the World Cup finals in Spain next year now depend on their performance against Hungary on Saturday in Budapest, where they have not won for 72 years. If England fail to get to Spain it

will be 20 years since they last qualified for the World Cup finals. They played automatically as nosis in 1900 and as noiders m 1970 but failed to reach the 1974 and 1978 finals. So Hungary appear to have little to fear on the pitch--Sports Minister Monro warned the Hungarian authorities to watch out. "I have asked our embassy in Hungary to inform the police there to be prepared for any further trouble." he said.



"It's a bed that folds to look like a couch in case out-of-town relatives drop by."

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. **VOYIR** YOPEN **GIFNIX** WHAT THE CROOKED BLACKSMITH WAS ARRESTED FOR **INGEEN** Now arrange the circled letters to dested by the above cartoon. Print answer here:

Jumbles: DAUNT TAFFY GARLIC STOLID Answer: What they said about the latest Dracula

film-"FANG-TASTIC!"

Grandmaster Karpov 'demands' tight security

MERANO, Italy, June 2 (A.P.) — The world chess championship between reigning king Anatoly Karpov of the Soviet Union and challenger Victor Korchnoi will be in this north Italian resort next September, organisers announced today. Karpov and his long-time archrival, a Soviet exile, will play three matches a week.

Karpov, who travelled to Merano to inspect the seat of the championship and to deliver organisers a list of "demands", said he expected the ontest to last from 75 to 90 days. Karpov agreed to ting with organisers.

the starting date after a joint mee-

Matches will be held in a hall at a spa in this resort near the Austrian border. Nicola Palladino, Chairman of the Italian Chess Federation said Karpov's demands included tight security, which will be provided by Italian Police.

Karpov also demanded and got, among other things, checks on the quality of drinking water and information about weather condition in this resort over the past ten years. Korchnoi gained the right to challege Karpov by defeating

West German grand master Robert Hubner in the semifinals.

Karpov and his party asked for geiger counter checks for radiation in places where the world champion will be staying during the competition. Soviet officials did not explain why they wanted the tests. But grandmasters have suggested in some previous chess tournaments that their opponents

were using radiation to disrupt

Karpov, who will be accompanied by a 12-member delegation planned to arrive here 10

their concentration.

days before the start of the championship. He and Korchnoi will stay in separate hotels and will be driven to the competition hall by chauffeurs in luxury cars.

The Soviet grandmaster, who developed a slight eye ailment here due to an allergy, will rest and concentrate in an isolated villa made available by organisers on the outskirts of Merano. Karpov's elder challenger will not get a villa. but will be granted the same tight security provided for Karpov by dozens of policemen.

Peanuts

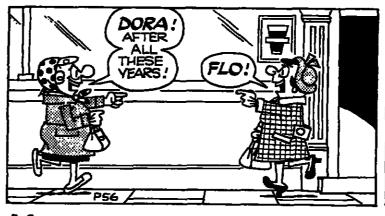








Andy Capp







Mutt 'n' Jeff









FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1981

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day for thinking and adopting new policies and principles under which you would like to operate in the future. Follow a specific plan of action that could result in success. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Plan how to put your finest

talents to work and then go shead in a most positive fashion. Spend your money wisely. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Take time to study new

outlets that could be profitable in the future. Obtain the data you need. Use care in travel. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Explain your ideas to

associates before going ahead with a plan you have in mind. Relax in the evening. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Make plans to

engage in business activities that could bring in more revenue in the future. Be sensible. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Handle important business

matters in the morning, then talk to a money expert who

can be helpful. Don't neglect personal affairs. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Doing what an adviser has to say can help you gain a desirable goal. Use common sense in dealing with associates.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Study your personal affairs and make plans for improvements. Make plans that will give you more abundance in the days ahead.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Know what it is that higher-ups expect of you, and then do your best to please them. Strive to be a happier person.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You can easily get ahead in your line of endeavor now if you apply yourself to the difficult tasks at hand. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Use modern methods

in handling regular routines and get excellent results. Meet the expectations of higher-ups.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) A new situation of a pleasant nature comes up but you have to be quick on the uptake to benefit. Express your talents,

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You are enthused about your work assignment, but first confer with associates before making any definite plans.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be delightful to others, but you should guard against spoiling your progeny. A good education is required to bring out the fine talents in this chart. Don't neglect ethical training early in life.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword by Puth N. Schullz

55 Revolution

Smooth

feathers

58 Davenport's

one's

piace

59 Copycat

61 Applaud 62 Unites

64 Clues

63 Neighbor

DOWN

1 Checker

move

3 Kind of

of Conn.

- YOCE

ary officer

Enemnous

27 Miss Kett

28 Cut short

tube

tidbiz

33 Poultry

"Loma —

Nature or

34 Meaningless

35 Comply with

36 Attention-

getting

cutcomes

39 Asparagus

sounds 38 Doubtful

43 Club me

46 Camping

place for

troops

workers

47 Angered

48 Bakery

45 Piffle!

procedure

ACROSS 26 Hearth 50 Robbery at Pugilistic goddess 28 C'est gunpoint 52 Depict punches 5 "Lollipop,"

birthplace

40 Sailing

term

41 River in *

France 42 Seattle's

Sound

44 TV awards

45 Dangers 49 Space

43 Fragrant

(namely) 31 Garret for one 9 Ensnare 32 Beethoven's 13 Russian mountain receptacle 37 Be filling

range 14 Father: comb. form

17 Black: pref. 18 Firebug's crime 19 Alan or

Robert 20 Examine by touch

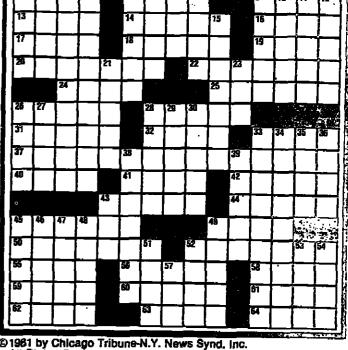
22 Decai 24 Man, e.g. 25 Goes in

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

4 Rowdy 5 Flood 6 Tortoise's 8 Those in favor of 10 German poet 11 Vlper 12 Bosc and

49 Taboos 51 College dance 52 Dog and

Not home from a Pekinese 15 Medical 57 Schedule letters trainee



and declarer took the diamond finesse "because it was

LET THE JORGANIES HEAR

Zia given emotional farewell; rebel leader reported killed

said. "The military took over as it

became very violent at about mid-

night when mourners tried to take

"At one point some people

were about to carry away the cof-

fin," the deputy speaker said.

"They demanded to see the b-

Hundreds of thousands paraded

past the biet. As the funeral pro-

cession left the parliament bui-

lding a jeepload of troops led the

way, followed by a truck bearing

Members of the armed forces

stood guard on either side of the

casket, and a large picture of the

president was placed on top of the

-along with the procession as it

city, many shouting "Long live

Ziaur" and quotations from the

Hundreds of thousands more

lined the route, with every roo-

ftop, balcony and ledge crammed

with people who had found a van-

tage point above the massive

The military at first struggled to

keep the crowd back from the

coffin, but when the prayers began the crowd quieted. All turned to

Thousands of people moved

flowers from the casket.

the coffin.

cab of the truck.

DACCA, June 2 (Agencies) — Assassinated President Ziaur Rahman was buried today near parliament, the symbol of Bangladesh democracy, after an emotional farewell by more than one million of his countrymen. Some of the mourners almost carried off his coffin, and one was killed in the crush to see the body.

Only hours before the gov-ernment announced that Maj. Gen. Abul Manzur, who led the aborted coup in which the president was slain Saturday, had been captured and killed by enraged village guards transporting him back to the port of chittagong. where the rebellion was launched

At least one person was killed during the night as hundreds of thousands pressed around and into the old parliament building in the centre of Dacca where Gen. Zia lav in state in a simple, unvarnished wooden casket.

the deputy speaker of parliament. Mr. Sultan Ahmad Chowdhury

Ankara to insist on return took a circular route through the of hijackers from Bulgaria

ISTANBUL. June 2 (A.P.) — A public prosecutor here has said that Turkey will seek extradition of four Turkish gunmen who hijacked a Turkish airliner to neighbouring Bulgaria last week.

Mr. Nejat Ulgen, who has jur-isdiction over the Yesilkoy Intemational Airport district, said he had completed an investigation into the hijacking of the Turkish airlines DC-9 with 118 passengers and crew to Burgas, a Bulgarian Black Sea coastal resort city.

Mr. Ulgen said the file, also containing past crime records of the four hijackers, will be turned over to the justice ministry for relay to Bulgarian authorities.

. The procedure is a requirement of a bilateral agreement Turkey signed with the communist state calling for "cooperation in judical matters. Turkey has already asked the

extradition of the four gunmen. identified as members of a leftist terrorist group in Turkey.

international subversion.

by Interior Minister Gaston Defferre.

on security grounds despite a court order to do so.

Turkish authorities stressed,

"We failed to maintain order,"

horities may consider the hijacking a political act and may try

to hold the four in Bulgaria after conviction. Turkish authorities argued Turkey would insist on the handover of the four to serve their jail terms in Turkey.

Petrol bombs and police guns mark S. African Republic Day

JOHANNESBURG, June 2 (A.P.) — Petrol bombs were tossed into opposition party offices and police fired into a crowd of black students trying to seize a police station as controversial festivities marking the 20th anniversary of South African Republic Day culminated with a massive military display yesterday.

Police Brig. J. van Zyl said police had been "forced to fire a few shots" and one student was wounded when a group from the university of the North tried to seize a however, the Bulgarian aut- police station near Pietersburg,

north of Johannesburg. Brig. Van Zyl said the aim of the students from the black university numbering about 1,000 - was to seize the station's South African flag and burn it. Police fired after

the students began stoning the bui-

lding, the brigadier said.

Earlier, a group claiming to be opposed to apartheid tossed petrol bombs into three offices of the Progressive Federal Party, according to the South African Press Association. The PFP is the main opposition party, a largely English-speaking group that has criticised apartheid but chosen to work within the system.

Ecuador elects new president

QUITO, June 2 (R) - Leon Roldos, brother of the late president, Jaime Roldos, was elected vice president of Ecuador in a congressional vote here last night.

Mr. Roldos, who served as chairman of the monetary board, replaces Osvaldo Hurtado, who took over as head of state on may 24 after President Roldos was killed in a plane

nuclear programme

Pacific atoll of Mururoa but only programme. Defence Minister Charles Hernu said today

city of Islam, and repeated the prayers read over loudspeakers. Meanwhile Radio Bangladesh said that an army court martial has been formed to try the killers Gen. question.

It said an inquiry tribunal had would be resumed. been formed to identify the killers and that a field court martial had been formed to try them. But the official radio made no consultation with president Fra-

mention of a report broadcast earncois Mitterrand, nuclear tests will lier that the leader of an abortive armed rebellion was killed by angry government troops last

The report has not been confirmed by any other source and a Radio Bangladesh news official was unable to say why it was not being re-broadcast

the west to face Mecca, the holiest

Shortly before President Zia's funeral Bangladesh Radio said Gen. Manzur, named as leader of the rebellion, was killed last night while being escorted back to Chittagong from a hideout in the cou-

He was captured earlier by polise in a remote village near Fatikchari, about 100 kilometres from the port city. At least two other officers were also believed

to have been captured. With several other officers the major-general fled from Chittagong early yesterday after the government refused to negotiave, bringing the two-day rebellion to

Ruling LD Party to greet Midway return to Tokyo

TOKYO, June 2 (R) — Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) decided today to organise a welcome for the return of the U.S. aircraft carrier Midway to its home base near Tokyo on Friday despite controversy over whether it carries nuclear weapons.

But the government itself is keeping clear for fear of hurting the re-election chances of the LDP-backed mayor of Yokosuka, the Midway's home port, on June

LDP leaders decided that the conservative party should organise functions to welcome the 64,000-ton ship because it had been defending Japan's sea lanes in the Indian Ocean for the past three months.

Pacifists, Socialists and Communists plan demonstrations when the ship arrives because of widespread suspicions in Japan that the ship is carrying nuclear weapons in violation of Japanese principles banning the introduction of such arms. The United States has not said

whether its ships based on Japanese ports carry nuclear weapons. The Japanese government has said they are not because the U.S. has never asked for consultations on the matter.

Paris taking it easy on

PARIS, June 2 (R) - France will resume nuclear tests in the South after a thorough review of the programme.

The new Socialist defence minister halted underground tests in French Polynesia last week pending a thorough study of the whole

He did not say when the tests Today Mr. Hemu said in a statement that "after the time needed to review the matter and in

take place.' The new government's decision to halt tests caused an uproar among conservative politicians and service chiefs.

Opposition leader Jacques Chirac last night denounced the decision to suspend testing as an action "jeopardising France's defence system."

Underground tests scheduled to take place at Mururoa within the next few days were called off as senior staff officers and scientists were due to fly to Tahiti, headquarters of France's nuclear experimental centre in the Pacific.

Their flight was cancelled on Mr. Hernu's orders.

The minister said a committee of experts would review the whole

Following their recommendations. President Mitterrand will decide which weapons will be developed and what tests will be required, officials said.

Earlier this year President Val-ery Giscard d Estaing and his govemment decided to carry out a series of tests at Mururoa to develop strategic and tactical weapons. aimed at reinforcing France's nuclear arsenal.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing has repeatedly stated that France had mastered the technology of the controversial neutron warhead which he said would be the answer to the Soviet SS-20 nuclear missiles now deployed against Western Europe.

During the presidential cam-paign, Mr. Mitterrand pledged to strengthen France's nuclear deterrent force, although he said he opposed neutron weapons.

He said nothing about suspending the nuclear tests, which are vigorously opposed by Australia. New Zealand and other countries in the region.

Idi Amin claims to have 20,000 men near Kampala

LONDON, June 2 (A.P.) — Idi Amin, the deposed Ugandan dictator now living in Saudi Arabia. said in an interview published here today that troops loyal to him are vithin a short distance of the Ugandan capital Yampala.

The Guardian newspaper quoted Amin as saying the troops were part of a 20,000-strong force commanded by a man called Yacobo Agriga who had the code name "N-

But the newspaper added that sources in East Africa said they had never heard of Agriga and he had never been linked to four guerrilla groups known to be operating in the West Nile region of

ephoned yesterday by Amin, 56, from Saudi Arabia, who described himself as young, strong and brave and said he was now pro-Western and "very friendly to all British and American old friends."

To establish the authenticity of the call, Amin then met briefly with the newspaper's correspondent at a Jeddah hotel.

Amin, condemned as a bloodthirsty butcher and torturer by Ugandans and by Britain, America and most other Western nations, was overthrown by a force of Ugandan exiles and troops from neighbouring Tanzania in 1979. An estimated 300,000 persons died in tribal, religious and political purges during his eight-year rule.

Britons want to know why it took 5 years to nab Ripper

LONDON, June 2 (A.P.) — Apparently bowing to critics who say West Yorkshire police were negligent and incompetent in their hunt for the "Yorkshire Ripper," the government has ordered a top level probe into why it took them five years to catch the killer of 13

Home Secretary William Whitelaw told the House of Commons he has ordered Britain's Inspector of Constabulary, Lawrence Byford, to head a squad of top police officers to "review and report on the circumstances" of the Ripper

The move follows an outcry among legislators and newspapers against West Yorkshire police for their handling of the biggest ever manhunt after the conviction May 22 of the self-confessed "Ripper" Peter Sutcliffe.

Mr. Whitelaw said the investigation will be an "independent professional review." Originally Chief Constable Ronald Gregory, head of West Yorkshire police, ordered only a local internal police inquiry to be conducted by senior officers of his force into its failure to catch Sutcliffe earlier.

Mr. Gregory said Mr. Byford's investigation would be "a critical examination of our methods and will determine what improvements are necessary in the future.

Sutcliffe, a 34-year-old truck driver, was sentenced to life imprisonment for 13 murders and seven attempted murders in Yorkshire and other counties in northern England spanning five years from 1975. It was Britain's worst ever reign of terror against women. He was arrested Jan 2,

Judge Sir Leslie Boreham, sentencing Sutcliffe, recommended he should serve at least 30 years behind bars.

Critics suggested that failure to catch him earlier needlessly cost the lives of at least some of his victims and demanded a government inquiry.

They noted that at the trial at London's Old Bailey central criminal court it was revealed police interviewed Sutcliffe nine times during the five years and each time

Members of parliament dubbed

Mr. Gregory's internal inquiry "ludicrous" and "inadequate." Mr. Bob Cryer, alleging "blunders and discrepancies" among West Yorkshire police, was one of sev-

government inquiry. Another critic was the London Times, which said evidence that police had when they caught Sutcliffe "was so extensive that it is scarcely credible that he went unidentified for so long.'

eral legislators who demanded a

The Ripper hunt cost £4 million. A team of 250 detectives was assigned permanently to the hunt, and police interviewed 21,000 men and checked five million cars.

Letter claims Karry killing an accident

KARLSRUHE, West Germany, June 2(R) - Justice officials have received a message claiming that the killers of Hesse State Economics Minister Heinz Karry meant only to wound him when they shot him last month.

Mr. Karry died after being hit by shots fired through his bedroom window on May 11. Police said justice officials were

checking on the authenticity of the message, which bore a star and the initials "RZ." They were examing two copies

of the letter, delivered to a newspaper in Frankfurt and a bookshop in Offenbach at the weekend, to see if they came from the left-wing "Revolutionaeren Zellen" (Revolutionary Cells) group, an offshoot of the Baader-Meinhof Gang.
"The death of Karry was not

intended, but (rather) an accident. The plan was to keep him in bed for a long time by shooting him in the legs," the letters said.

The letters said the intention was to prevent Mr. Karry from carrying out what were described as his "repulsive and destructive projects."

Mr. Karry was a vigorous supporter of plans to extend Frankfurt airport and build a nuclear fuel reprocessing plant in Hesse, a stance which made him unpopular with the left and with ecologists.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Kissinger: 'No free rides in U.S. policy'

NEW YORK, June 2 (R) — Former Secretary of State Heat Kissinger has warned America's allies that there are "no fre rides in foreign policy and urged them to bolster their ow defences rather than depend on protection by the United State. In a speech to the American-Turkish Society, Dr. Kissinger note the Reagan administration's moves to increase defence spendin and added: "Your allies must recognise the fact they must make a larger contribution. They should do nothing to make a larger contribution. They should do nothing to meet America demands -- they either develop an understanding of the rec uirements of their security or they will pay the price of neglet which is inevitable. There are no free rides in foreign policy Sooner or later a penalty will be paid." Discussing the Sovia Union, Dr. Kissinger said that "fundamentally it is run like fedual system in which leaders and their groups of retainers make agreements among themselves. The removal of one brings with so many adjustments that no one knows who will replace the to leadership. No one in Washington knows and no one in Mosco

James Buckley to visit Pakistan

WASHINGTON, June 2 (A.P.) - Under-Secretary of \$tax James Buckley will visit Pakistan June 11-14 to discuss U. economic assistance and military sales, the State Department ha announced. The administration of President Ronald Reagan ha been negotiating an aid package with Pakistan since Mr. Reagan taking office. But so far there has not been an agreement, disappointment to some U.S. officials. Pakistani Foreign Ministr Aga Shahi visited Washington in April and said then the adm inistration was proposing a five-year programme of economic an military assistance. The administration asked Congress on Apr 30 to approve \$100 million in economic aid for the fiscal ye: beginning Oct. 1. Officials had disclosed previously that the adm inistration was also considering \$400 million in military as: istance, largely through arms sales credits.

Cops on the rampage in Colombo

COLOMBO, Sri Lanka, June 2 (A.P.) - Policemen dressed i mufti burned several buildings, including the opposition Tam United Liberation Front Party office, in Jaffna after a polic sergeant was shot fatally and three policemen injured at an opp osition party election meeting, local reporters said. Reporters i Jaffna, in the Tamil-speaking northern district of the island, sai the house of a member of parliament, the central bazaar in th heart of the town, a number of shops and several vehicles wer burned on Sunday. Police headquarters confirmed reports of th fires, but refused comment on whether policemen were res ponsible. The defence ministry said army units had taken contro of mobile and patrol duties in the area. Policemen were asked to remain in their barracks, according to the ministry. The trouble reportedly started after policemen on duty at the election meeting ordered some passersby to keep off the road to enable traffic to pass and ensuing argument led to the shooting, according to reports. The TULF, the main opposition party has called for : "hartal" -- a suspension of work and business as an expression of political protest - today in Jaffna. Reports from Jaffna said buses and trains did not operate, schools were closed and banks and other business establishments put up their shutters. Many people remained indoors. Most of the parliamentary seats for the region are held by TULF members and the development council elections on June 4 are thought to be a test of the ruling United National Party's strength in the north.

Thorpe denies role in 1979 murder

LONDON, June 2 (A.P.) — Mr. Jereme Thorpe, the ex-Libera Party leader acquitted in 1979 of plotting to murder a male model has dismissed as "inaccurate" a co-defendant's claim that Thorpel pleaded with him to murder the man. Businessman David Hol mes, once one of Mr. Thorpe's closest friends, was quoted Sunda by the News of the World, a mass-circulation Sunday paper a saying Mr. Thorpe was guilty of incitement to murder mode Norman Scott. The attorney general's office said it was examinin Mr. Holmes' accusation. Mr. Holmes, Mr. Thorpe and two othe men were acquitted on charges of conspiracy to murder after onof the most sensational trials in British history.

Carpets worth \$30,000 spirited away

DENVER, June 2 (A.P.) — Three Persian carpets valued a about \$30,000 have been spirited away from a heavily locked and bolted room at the Regency Hotel here, Denver police say. A.V Vischschoonmaker, a Dutch man who has travelled around the world to collect his rugs, said the carpets were discovered missin Saturday from the hotel's exhibition room. Along with the rugs one of which was more than 100 years old - an \$800 hote videotape recorder containing a film about rug-making also wa missing, police added. According to police, there was no sign o forced entry into the room, where three sets of doors were locker with double cylinder lead bolts. Mr. Vischschoonmaker said he began collecting rugs 40 years ago, and has exhibited in severa countries. He said one of the three, hand-knotted Persian carpet a grey, blue and cream Sennah -- was more than a century old and worth \$14,250. The other two were 30 years old, which he said he had purchased in Iran.

Two die following news of soccer coach

ATHENS, June 2 (A.P.) - A soccer fan committed suicide and another man died of a heart attack after learning of the death o Hungarian soccer coach Vula Lorant, police said today. They said that Michaelis Bornhardos, who was an ardent supporter of Paok the Salonica club which Lorant trained, yesterday jumped to his death from the sixth floor of an apartment block in Salonica after learning of Lorant's death. Lorant died of heart failure during his team's match Sunday against Olympiacos of Piraeus. The second reported death was of a friend of Lorant's Christos Sirpos, a once-famous Greek singer who retired in recent years because of ill health. Sirpos suffered a heart attack when he heard the news and died immediately, police said.

Zimbabwe considers sterner measures against currency drain

BULAWAYO, Zimbabwe, June 2'(A.P.) - Zimbabwe is drafting new laws making jail sentences mandatory for currency smugglers, the Chronicle newspaper has reported. The daily said Finance Minister Enos Nkala expressed concern at the drain of foreign currency since independence from Britain a year ago and vowed tough legislation would be introduced as soon as possible. Mr. Nkala, who announced the moves last week at a business conference in the Victoria Falls resort town, noted most currency smugglers were fined the equivalent of the amount in which they were dealing. "We've found that many people who pay the fines are not deterred from doing the same thing again," he was quoted as saying. Under proposed new laws being drafted, convicted smugglers would be jailed without the option of a fine. The government was still considering the length of sentence, Mr. Nkala said.

British defence cut worries NATO

By Charles Lambelin

Mitterrand government unveils

truth of Henri Curiel's death

PARIS, June 2 (R) - France's new government has published an

official report, kept secret by the past administration, which exo-

nerated a man assassinated after being suspected of masterminding

Henri Curiel, a founder of the Egyptian Communist Party, was

killed by gunmen in Paris in 1978 and extreme rightists claimed

responsibility, saying he was a Soviet spy and Arab militant. No one

Mr. Curiel, who lived in France as a stateless refugee for 25 years,

A 1977 report on him by the state commission on refugees and

stateless people, which said there were no grounds for any such

suspicions, was finally made public vesterday and sent to his widow

Interior Minister Christian Bonnet had refused to divulge its contents

She had long compaigned for the report to be published but former

was placed under house arrest the year before his death following press accusations that he was a central figure in international sub-

BRUSSELS: The North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) is concerned that Britain's current review of its defence priorities could leave gaps in the Western alliance which other members might have to plug, according to NATO officials.

The officials said NATO expected to be consulted over the review which some reports have suggested is aimed to save more than

\$2 billion over 10 years. British Defence Minister John Nott has said Britain would not reduce its overall military effort and would stick to its NATO commitment of a three per cent real increase in defence spending a

But cutbacks are needed to accommodate the British govemment's stated priority of modemising its nuclear deterrent by building four or five submarines equipped with U.S. Trident missiles at a cost of more than \$10

billion. NATO officials said there is considerable sympathy for Britain's predicament as other countries share the same problem of reconciling slow-growing financial resources with the rocketing price

of sophisticated weapons. Britain's problems are compounded by historical and geographical reasons which make it assume a wide variety of defence tasks resulting in the risk of spreading its forces too thinly, they

The officials said that whether the cuts fell on the British army on the Rhine or on surface units of the Royal Navy, or on both, they were bound to be painful and cre-

ate problems for the alliance. Apart from its political implications, a possible plan to reduce from four to three the number of British divisions holding a 65-km front in West Germany would be a blow to the NATO's concept of

forward defence, they said. The number of British divisions stationed in West Germany is not only important because of the 55,000 men they contribute to NATO forces alongside West German, Canadian, Belgian and Dutch units but also as a framework for the arrival of reserves from Britain in a crisis, the off-

icials said. Opinions differ more on the reported plan to haive the number of the Royal Navy's survace ships, like frigates and destroyers, which now contribute 70 per cent of NATO warships in the Eastern

Atlantic. Mr. Nott says Britain wants to shift the emphasis in antisubmarine warfare from surface some time but has not advanced ships to hunter-killer submarines. much, although the Dutch and

NATO's naval experts seem divided on whether surface units operating with helicopters or hunter-killer submarines are more efficient in anti-submarine war-

NATO strategists say Britain's main contribution to the alliance results from its geographical position as an "unsinkable aircraft carrier anchored off Europe."

From this, its two main priority tasks should be a tight air defence to protect bases and airfields on. the island and a strong capacity to control the Eastern Atlantic approaches through which U.S. reinforcements would arrive in a crisis or a war in Western Europe. they said.

Some of the tasks now carried. out by Royal Dutch surface vessels in the Eastern Atlantic could conceivably be taken over by the West German navy now that post-war tonnage restrictions on its warship construction and zone

of action have been lifted. The Spanish navy could also play a part there if and when Spain becomes NATO's 16th member, they said.

One solution to NATO cou-

ntries' financial constraints could be an increased division of labour within the alliance involving a specialisation of some national forces, the officials said. The idea of specialising forces of NATO member countries to

reduce costs has been around for

Belgian navies have concentrated on minehunting and minesweeping capacities in the North Sea and English Channel.

Although specialisation within NATO could increase cost efficiency it means greater military integration and a willingness by member countries to give up some, of its freedom of action. Mr. Nott indicated during a rec-

ent NATO ministerial meeting in Brussels that Britain would always insist on maintaining balanced forces of its own. For a country like Britain, that

means maintaining a nuclear det-

errent and being able to deploy

forces in far-away combat zones if necessary, the officials said. NATO ministers recognised last year that the Trident missiles system would make a significant contribution to the effectiveness of the NATO deterrent and welcomed the British government's intention to assign it to NATO, as

it did with its present Polaris sys-But NATO diplomats privately expressed the fear at the time that the burden of staying in the nuc-lear race might affect Britain's contribution in other defence

They said it was open to debate whether a few British nuclear submarines supplementing the U.S. nuclear deterrent were more useful to the alliance than a bigger contribution to NATO conventional forces on land and sea.

REUTER

